Jacksonville Daily Journal.

TEN CENTS PER WEEK | JACKSONVILLE, ILLINOIS, MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1903. | PRICE THREE CENTS

EARLY HISTORY OF ILLINOIS

INTERESTING VOLUME ISSUED BY STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Deals with French Settlements and George Rogers Clark's Expedition—Handsome Maps and Illustrations.

The board of trustees of the Illinois State Historical Library has published a volume of more than usual interest. The title of the book is Illinois Historical Collections vol. I, edited and annotated by H. W. Beckwith, president of the board of trustees of the Illinois State Historical Library. Judge Beckwith has spent the past quarter of a century in the study of Illinois history and is to day a recognized authority upon all points relating to the history of the state. When it was decided to issue this book Judge Beckwith's colleagues on the board of trustees of the library urged him to undertake the work of editing it. This he consented to do, and the accuracy and painstaking character of the work which he did in his capacity as editor, is abundantly shown in the book.

FRENCH SETTLEMENTS.

The first part of the book relates to the early French exploration of the Mississippi valley. The journal of Father Jacques Marquette is given and accompanying it are many explanatory notes which give the ordinary reader reliable assistance in tracing the wanderings of the saintly missionary who sailed down the Mississippi and saw the country and its Indian tribes, which he described in a most interesting way. The travels of LaSalle and his devoted lieutenant, Henri de Tonti, "the man with the iron hand," as the Indians called him, are described, much of it in their own simple, but graphic language. Hennepin, too, tells his story of his capture by the Sioux Indians, and of the curious customs of the tribes, and of the devotion of the Franciscan missionaries or "Gray Gowns."

CLARK'S EXPEDITION.

Perhaps the most interesting part of the book is the account of the taking of Kaskaskia and Vincennes by that intrepid soldier, George Rogers Clark. A little girl said in school that "George Rogers Clark was the patron saint of Illinois." The idea was not far wrong if by it she meant the spirit that presided over the birth of the state. Poor George Rogers Clark was not a very saintly character, but he was brave and devoted, and he builded better than he knew when he gave to the state of Virginia the great fertile Illinois country. Judge Beckwith was told this thrilling story in a clear and simple manner, and has supplied the narrative with a large number of helpful notes. As supplementary to the account of "Clark's conquest of the Illinois," there is a large collection of letters from the Canadian archives. These letters tell in a documentary way of the capture of Kaskaskia and Vincennes, and also relate to a period which followed closely after, when the Indians of the Wabash and the Ohio valley were giving the settlers on the frontiers so much anxiety. They give, also, a little idea of the labors of the Moravian missionaries in Ohio.

BUILDING OF FORT MASSAC.

An interesting chapter of the book relates to the location and building of Fort Massac. It was called Fort Ascension in honor of the day on which the building of the fort was begun, then it was called Fort Massiac in honor of Mr. Massiac, minister of the marine and colonies of French. The fort was built under the direction of Charles Philippe Aubry, a French officer in America, who was later French governor of Louisiana. This Aubry was a brave fellow and took a prominent part in the battle of Fort DeQuesne. The document which tells of Aubry and the building of Fort Massac was obtained directly from the French Archives in Paris by Judge Beckwith, expressly for this book. The copies of letters from the Canadian archives were verified for proper names, by Mrs. Weber who visited Ottawa, Canada for that purpose. These letters were many of them written by American officers and sent by messengers, or "express" as they called the messengers who made the long trips on horseback or on foot, through Indian wilds for the purpose of carrying news back to the states. Many of these brave messengers lost their lives. Some fell into the hands of the British and had their letters confiscated and turned over the British authorities. William Myers, George Rogers Clark's messenger, was killed and his letters were taken from his body, and are now in the British Archives. George Rogers Clark was a proverbially bad character. If there was a way to spell a word wrong, he did it. The original spelling of names has been followed. It would take a long article to tell of the interesting features of the work, but the above are some of the most interesting.

ILLUSTRATIONS AND MAPS.

The book has a number of half tone engravings, and maps. It has been thoroughly indexed by Mrs. Jessie Palmer Weber, the librarian of the library. The index alone contains much information, as each article contains much information, indexed separately, and afterwards the entire book indexed as a whole. The book is handsomely bound in blue cloth and the librarian of the library believes it to be the first book copyrighted by the state of Illinois. The paper is fine, heavy paper of an agreeable tone and the printing and press work are well done. It is on the whole, a handsome book, and the board of trustees of the library, Judge H. W. Beckwith, president; Edmund J. James, of the Northwestern university, Evanston, and Hon. George N. Black, of Springfield, are to be congratulated upon the successful completion of a work of such magnitude and labor.

MEETING OF DIRECTORS THURSDAY

The board of directions of the Illinois Historical society will meet in the historical library at the state house next Thursday morning, and the board of trustees of the State Historical Library will meet at the same time.

TO SWIM CHANNEL

George Kistler of the University of Pennsylvania will Make the Attempt.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 6.—The task that has baffled every long distance swimmer since the day when Capt. Matthew Webb tried it and succeeded, the negotiating of the stretch of turbulent water between Dover and Calais, is to engage the powers of George Kistler, the swimming instructor of the university of Pennsylvania. Kistler, the greatest long distance swimmer this country has ever known, is sure he will succeed where so many have failed.

A party of Philadelphians interested in swimming will accompany Kistler to England. The aspirant for channel honors is training for the attempt in the swimming tank of the Houston club, at the University of Pennsylvania. He now weighs about 190 pounds, but will try to increase his weight rather than diminish it. This rather contradictory system of training Kistler explained in this way:

"It is not a question of speed, but of endurance. It would not matter if I took a week in getting across the channel, if I could stay in the water that long. The fatter I am, so long as it does not incapacitate me, the better, for the more tallow I have in me the better fortified I shall be against the cold, which has been the insurmountable obstacle in all the attempts to make the distance between Dover and Calais since Webb succeeded in doing it."

Kistler is well known on the other side, having beaten the famous Willie Beckwith for the one-mile championship of the world. In this country his long distance swims are too well known to need recapitulation.

DEATHS.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 6.—Henry Sanford, aged 80, vice president of the Adams Express company, died at his home here to day of apoplexy.

Newton, Mass., Sept. 6.—Rev. Alvah Hovey, D. D., aged 83, one of the best known Baptist clergymen in the country, died to night. He had been in failing health some time.

OFFICIALS INDICTED.

Washington, Sept. 6.—The United States grand jury has indicted Contractor Stokes and three county commissioners of Kiowa county Okla., for making false vouchers in order to defraud the government in the building of bridges. Stokes is under arrest and bond has been fixed at $4,500. The indicted county commissioners, it is said, have fled. The indictment are a result of invesibations made by Secretary Hitchcock.

ATTEMPT ON KING'S LIFE.

Vienna, Sept. 6.—Special dispatches give an unconfirmed report of an attempt on the lift of King Peter, of Servia, at Nish Saturday. It is said stones were thrown at the royal carriage, one striking the king in his face and a pistol was fired from a neighboring window.

ANXIOUS OVER REPORTS.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Anxious over reports which have reached Washington that delegates from the department of Panama have withdrawn from the sessions of the Colombian congress at Bogota, Dr. Herran, acting minister of Colombia, here telegraphed to day to the governor of Panama for information. Herran discredits the report, as advices from his government have given no intimation of such action. Herran clings to the hope that a way will be found whereby the present treaty will be ratified.

LARGEST MAN DEAD.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 6.—"Big Joe" Grimes, said to have been the largest man in the world, is dead at the home of his parents here, as the result of a peculiar accident. While riding in a cab his great weight broke through the bottom and one of his legs was gashed, the wound refusing to heal.

Grimes weighed 754 pounds and was 34 years old. He was 6 feet 4 inches in height and his body and limbs were of ponderous proportions.

POPE BECOMES INTERESTED.

Rome, Sept. 6.—Pius X has represented to the Austrian emperor the advisability, especially on the part of the Catholic powers, of coming to anagreement as to the best way to stop massacres in Macedonia.

THE SECRETARY OF INTERIOR

OBJECTS TO CHARGES OF FRAUD MADE.

Accuses Some One Connected Indian Rights Association of Discourtesy in Making Public Investigation Report.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Secretary Hitchcock, of the interior department to day made public correspondence between himself and President Garrett, of the Indian Rights association, relative to recent charges of frauds being perpetrated on Indians in the Indian Territory. In his letter to Garrett, Hitchcock calls attention to the fact that some one connected with the Indian Rights association had given to the press of the country the results of investigations said to have been made by an agent of the Indian Rights association and intimating that grave irregularities on the part of officials appointed by the government to look after Indian affairs had been discovered. Hitchcock charges that the giving out of this statement without consulting him or without giving officials involved a chance to make a plea in their own defense was a violation of rules of courtesies. He assures Garrett that he had already been investigating the charges of irregularities in the Indian Territory, said irregularities consisting mainly in attempts to defraud Indians in the sale of their land. These charges he said had been promptly denied and investigation had been demanded by members of the Dawes commission and Indian Inspector Wright, who are, of course, entitled to the persumption of innocence until proved guilty.

In his reply to Hitchcock Garrett denies any intentional discourtesy to the secretary of the interior and said publication of the report Hitchcock takes exception to was merely in accordance with the habit of the Indian Rights association of giving to the public matters in which they are interested. Garrett expresses implicit confidence in itchcock and the integrity of his administration and declares no charges had been against members of the Dawes commission, the charges made being general in character. But while Garrett begs to be acquitted of any intention of discourtesy, he closes by saying that he considers the charges of irregularities infinitely more important than any adherence to mere courtesies. He says too often government officials appear to be under the influence of members of congress interested in them and inspectors too often seem to whitewash men utterly unfit for their positions.

DR. FOWLER TO PRESIDE.

At the approaching sessions of the Illinois Methodist conference Bishop Charles H. Fowler will preside. He is not only one of the eloquent men of the church, but si one of the leading orators of the country. His great lecture on Abraham Lincoln is a masterpiece. He was pastor in various churches in Chicago for ten years and then chosen president of Northwestern university. Afterward he served as editor of the leading periodical of the Methodist church, the Christian Advocate, and was chosen bishop in 1884 at the session of the general conference held in New York. During his stay in our city he will be entertained at the home of J .H. Clark, 717 Broadway. His own residence is at Buffalo, N. Y.

DOWN AN EMBANKMENT.

Wilkesbarre, Sept. 5.—A trolley car on the Wilkesbarre & Harveys Lake railroad this afternoon in a mountain gorge, five miles from the city, plunged down a 30-foot embankment killing Mrs. M. Wolfe, of Luzerne, and injuring eleven others. The wreck was caused by a stone believed to have been maliciously placed on the track at a sharp curve.

FIRE LOSSES.

Peoria, Sept. 6.—Fire which threatened the destruction of the little town of Roanoke last night was extinguished after a two story brick store building, owned by A. Roseneck, was burned to the ground and one story brick occupied by George Parkins as a hotel and boarding house had been damaged $2,000. Loss on the Roseneck building and stock $30,000.

FAST RUNNING.

Chicago, Sept. 6.—A new world's record for long distance running was made by a passenger train of engine and five cars on the B. & O. railroad this morning. A stretch of 128 miles, between Chicago Junction, Ohio, and Garrett, Ind., was covered in 125 minutes. No stops were made. During the run a speed of 85 miles an hour was reached. This was the maximum. Bursts of 70 and 75 miles an hour were frequent.

STARTS FOR SYRACUSE.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 6.—President Roosevelt left to night for Syracuse, N. Y., where to morrow he will open formally the New York state fair and deliver a Labor day address. The president is accompanied by Secretary Loeb, several members of the executive force here, representatives of press associations and four secret service officers.

HIS SIGHT RESTORED

Indianian Retires Sightless and Rises the Next Morning with Seeing Eyes.

Kokomo, Ind., Sept. 6.—Two years ago Henry Downey, of the Downey cab and transfer line, this city, went totally blind. This week his sight came back to him mysteriously and completely. He went to bed sightless one night. The next morning he awoke with restored vision.

"The doctors say it is a miracle," said Downey, "but it is a fact. Whereas I was blind, now I see. At first I could not realize it. I pinched myself and ran about the room to make sure I was awake, fearing I was still asleep and dreaming. The great flood of light dazzled and confused me. The surroundings were new and unfamiliar. I was staggered and so bewildered that I first thought I had gone mad. I had lost all conception of color, form, distance and time, and everything seemed new. I was a newly-born babe in a world of sunshine. I now see as well as I ever did, and appreciate the blessing of sight as I never did in my life before.

"The doctors said the optic nerve was killed and that I would never see again. They were mistaken, the nerve was only paralyzed, not dead. I could not move the eyeballs or close the eyelids. They had a dense film, characteristic of total blindness, and my recovery of sight is a marvel to the medical world."

Mr. Downey left to day on a sight-seeing tour, and proposes to make good use of his newly-acquired vision from now on. He is 25 years old and has a wife and children.

WITHOUT RAILROADS

Calhoun County Reduced to Mules and Steamboats for Transportation

Quincy, Sept. 6.—Calhoun county is one of the chief mourners at the funeral of the Q., C. & St. L. This road afforded the only transportation facilities, aside from mules and steamboats, which the county has had, and when Sweeney's gang began tearing up the track on the eastern bank of the Illinois last week, the people of Calhoun felt that they were being condemned to solitary confinement. Passengers, mail, express and freight for Hardin, the county seat, and for other points, went over that line to Columbiana, were ferried across to Kampsville, and from there were sent out in various directions by star routes, stages and farm wagons. And that operation was reversed when Calhoun citizens or products emerged into the outside world.

Quite often at a season of high water the ferryboat would be obliged to meet a handcar half way up the track to Eldred, and both would have to cast anchor while exchanging passengers and cargoes. Calhounites had frequent occasion to say things about the road that wouldn't look well in print, but now they are in cackcloth and ashes over its departure.

DECLARED INSANE.

New York, Sept. 6.—Francis W. Benque, who sent a threatening letter to Secretary of State Hay, and who for years has given trouble to officials at Washington with letters, was to day declared insane by Dr. Gregory at Bellevue hospital. He will be committed to an institution for insane for permanent care.

THE SERVIAN KING.

Belgrade, Sevria, Sept. 6.—King Peter and his family have returned here after an absence of twelve days at Nish. Papers report that a reconciliation between opposing army factions is probable through the friendly influence of Prince Arsene Karageorgovitch, King Peter's brother.

BROUGHT TO A CLOSE.

Omaha, Sept. 6.—A love romance which had its beginning in Cheyenne, Wyo., was brought to an abrupt close in this city this morning, and the final chapters in the episode will be enacted by the hero in the county jail.

Charles Stanton, a resident of the western town, became enamored of a maiden here, who fled to escape his attentions. With her was Charles Carson, another suitor, and a soldier of Uncle Sam's army. He deserted from his company that he might be near his sweetheart.

Stanton followed them to this city. Finding his love spurned by the girl, Stanton informed the police that Carson was a deserter, and his arrest followed. Thinking the barrier to his love's yearnings had been removed, he again sought the maiden, who caused him to be taken into custody for vagrancy.

This morning Judge Berka found Stanton guilty and sent him to the county all for fifteen days.

TO REFORM FEUDISTS.

Pittsburg, Sept. 6.—A deputation of Pittsburg salvationists will leave Wednesday for Breathitt county, Ky., and undertake to reform feudists.

MAYOR ATTACKED.

Tuscola, Ill., Sept. 6.—Two men attacked Mayor Charles L. McCastors with bricks last midnight as he was entering his barn to put up his horse. The mayor fought off the assailants and they fled. The mayor believes he recognized the men as friends of two women he had arrested yesterday.

THE ATTITUDE OF BULGARIA

OUR NEUTRALITY IN MACEDONIAN QUESTION

Council of Ministers so Decide at Recent Meeting—Reports of Villages Burned and Inhabitants Murdered by Turks.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 6.—According to reliable reports from Varna at a recent council of ministers presided over by Prince Ferninand at the Palace of Huxinograd, it was resolved Bulgaria should continue to maintain an attitude of strict neutrality in the Mecadonian question and further that the most stringent measures would be adopted to prevent anything likely to cause disturbance in Bulgaria's relations with Turkey.

The Autonomie publishes the names of fifty villages burned by the Turks in the districts of Resen, Kostur and Brushevo. Turks burned four villages in the district of St. Rushkopolis and murdered a priest. The population fled to the mountains. Turks have destroyed all flour mills in the district of Besen and every church. A fight is reported to have taken place at the village of Vetrsko, district of Kumanovo, between insurgents and a Turkish battalion. It lasted four hours and the Turks lost heavily.

Reports have reached revolutionary headquarters here of atrocities by Turks in the villags of Velmosti, district of Debro. Troops and bashi-bazouks are said to have surrounded the village and part of them entered and began plundering houses and assaulting women. Other soldiers remained outside and killed those inhabitants who tried to escape. The Turks then set fire to the village in four places, burning twelve women and children. One child was hanged. Altogether sixty peasants were killed and their bodies left lying in the street.

REVOLUTIONISTS BLAMED.

Constantinople, Sept. 6.—Survivors of the Hungarian steamer Vaskapu, which was destroyed in the Black sea Sept. 1 by explosions, attributed to Bulgarian revolutionists, while on her way from Varna, Bulgaria, to Constantinople, state that two explosions occurred on board the steamer last Tuesday. Two dynamite bombs were thrown by men, supposed to have embarked at Varna. The explosions were followed by an outbreak of fire in the forehold. Altogether fifteen persons lost their lives, but all the engineers and most of the passengers were saved.

WAR OF EXTERMMINATION.

London, Sept. 6.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Monastir says: "There is no doubt that a Turkish war of extermination is proceeding in the Okrida district. Massacres of a century ago are nothing compared with those occurring daily in the vilayet of Monastir. Not daring to leave their houses and subsisting on grass and water survivors resemble people in the last stages of famine. A priest in one village was flayed alive and kept this way several days to the delight of his tormentors, until a Turk shot him dead.

HAD STORMY MEETING.

Chicago, Sept. 6.—Following direct charge that money thus far collected by assessment from various labor unions of Chicago has been wasted and consumed in salaries, the Chicago Federation of Labor to day abolished its defense fund committee after a stormy session, during which lies were passed, incriminating charges made and a fisticuff narrowly averted. James Bowman, fomerly president of the federation, and J. J. Fitzpatrick, organizer, said that the proceedings of the meeting and even what led up to them were a disgrace to union labor in the United States. Charges of dishonesty were openly made against several prominent labor leaders and recommendations were made that these men be suspended. After a stormy session the federation decided to adopt a compromise plan and appoint a committee to investigate charges against the men mentioned.

CANAL TREATY.

Bogota, Colombia, Sept. 6.—The senate has appointed a commission to prepare a bill authorizing the government to negotiate a canal treaty without violating the constitution, but the government has not yet presented to congress the necessary messake asking for reforms in the constitution to meet the wishes of the nited States regarding tribunals, sovereign control of the canal strip and hundred year lease. The general feeling, however, is favorable to a new treaty.

Intense excitement has been produced here by a cablegram reporting the probability of the United States dealing directly with Panama in the canal matter, Senator Obaldia, who has been appointed governor of Panama, left to day for his post. He will take with him a canal plan, which it is said will satisfy all.

YELLOW FEVER.

Montery, Md., Sept. 6.—A fund for yellow fever sufferers of Linares, where the disease is epidemic, has been started. Business has been partially suspended. Scores of fever cases have been reported, among the afflicted being the mayor and his secretary.

TRIED TO KILL WIFE

Los Angeles Millionaire Accused of Attempted Murder.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 6.—Griffith, a millionaire resident of this city, has been arrested on the charge of attempting to kill his wife. Mrs. Griffith is in a hospital suffering from a pistol shot wound in the head and compound fracture of the shoulder. She was shot in her room at the Santa Monica hotel, where, with her husband and 15-year-old son, she had been spending the summer. Mrs. Griffith says her husband shot her after forcing her to answer at the pistol point questions as to her faithfulness and knowledge of any attempt to poison him. She says that when he soht her she was on her knees. She then ran to window and umped out, falling on the roof forteen feet below and fracturing her shoulder blade.

Colonel Griffith insists that his wife accidentally shot herself while handling a pistol she had come across in gathering together their effects for packing. How it was discharged Colonel Griffith says he does not know.

CHOSEN A JUSTICE

Mr T. Reynolds Holds Important Post in His Home County —His Career.

"The Blackpool Times and Fylde Obesrver," (England), in a recent issue, gives a sketch of the eventful career of Mr. T. Reynolds, who not long since was chosen as county justice, or, more properly speaking, a member of "The Commission of the Peace for the county of Palatine, of Lancashire." Mr. Reynolds is a nephew of Mr. Ralph Reynolds, of this city, aud has visited Jacksonville. The friends of this well known family will be interested in reading the following from the Times:

"Mr. T. Reynolds was born at Great Eccleston in 1849. He is a member of an old Fylde family, his father belonging to the Rabys, of Myerscough Lodge, and his mother's side to Catterall's of Myerscough Hall. During his boyhood and early manhood the subject of our sketch assisted his father, who was a manufacturer and dealer in brushes, which were in those days used largely for lighting purposes, and which were got from the swamps in Ireland. In 1869 Mr. T. Reynolds came with his cousin to Fleetwood, and commenced to trade in Irish produce. A few years afterwards he commenced business on his own account, extending his field of operations to the American and Continental trade. Along with other Fleetwood gentlemen he used to charter vessels with foreign produce, and he still carries on business as a provision merchant. Mr. Reynolds has for years taken a great interest in political and religious movements, being an enthusiastic liberal and Nonconformist. He was a member of the executive of the North Lancashire Liberal association, and years ago, before the re-distribution of seats, he worked along with such men as the present duke of Devonshire, Lord Edward Cavendish, Sir James Ramsden, Sir Thomas Storey, Mr. John Fell, Mr. .T F. Fenwick, and others. On the death of Mr. Alexander Carson, who was a member of the Fleetwood school board, Mr. Reynolds was chosen to fill the vacancy, but at the end of his term of office he did not seek re-election. He was a meber of the old science and art committee, and has been connected with the technical instruction committee since it was first formed. In regligion Mr. Reynolds was brought up a Baptist and attended the Inskip Baptist church, but later on became identified with the Congregationalists, and at the present time is a deacon of the Fleetwood Congregational church. He is also the president of the Fleetwood Free Church council. He is an ardent temperance advocate, and was the first president of the Fleetwood United Temperance council. He is a member of the council of the Fleetwood Chamber of Commerce, a member of the Liverpool Produce exchange, and has also served on the Fylde board of guardians. Along with the late Mr. T. Riley, J. P., Mr. Reynolds was one of the promoters of the Fairhaven Estate company, and is one of the oldest regular travelers on the Preston & Wyre railway. During his residence in Fleetwood Mr. Reynolds has always been one of those who had great confidence in the future of the town, and the latest illustration of this has been his erection of a fine block of buildings at the corner of Victoria street, at a cost of several thousand dollars."

KILLED IN ACCIDENT.

Clyde, Sept. 6.—As Mrs. William Casselman, of this village was driving from Lyons to Clyde yesterday afternoon at about 5 o'clock her horse became frightened by a passing train on the Central railroad, near the culvert at Lock Berlin, and she was thrown out and fatally injured. Mrs. Casselman was 65 years of age and the mother of 18 children.

Colombia, S. C., Sept. 6.—Fire to night destroyed the Southern railway offices, Howlet photograph gallery and Mimaugh's clothing store. Loss $50,000.

TROLLY CARS IN COLLISION

COLLIDE HEAD-ON WHILE RUNNING RAPIDLY

Four Persons Killed Outright and Thirteen Seriously Injured, Several of Whom are Expected to Die.

Pelham, N. H., Sept. 6.—Through a head-on collision to day between two electric cars on the New Hampshire Traction company's electric railway four persons were killed and nineteen so seriously injured that they are under physicians care. Several of the injured are expected to die. Many others received cuts and minor wounds.

The accident occeurred on the line which runs through this city between Lowell and Nashaua and one of the cars, which was coming from the latter city, was nearly filled with people on their way to summer resorts. The collision is said to be due to a misunderstanding of orders by the motorman of the car bound for Nashua.

The dead are: Charles H. Gilbert, Gabriel Collett, both of Nashua, and George C. Andrews and Samuel Mayes, motormen, both of Hudson, N. H.

As the accident occurred some distance from any large city the injured were distributed among hospitals of Lowell. The cars came together with a force that threw one directly on the forward part of the other, crushing the top of the car down upon the passengers and pinioning those occupying the first three seats in the wreckage. Near the accident were a number of campers who at once rushed to the scene. With crowbars and other instruments the wrecked roofs of the cars were pried up and the imprisoned passengers released. None of the passengers escaped injury of some character, although a number were not seriously hurt.

Philadelphia, Sept. 6.—In a collision between trolley cars at ort Washington to night three persons were probably fatally hurt and over twenty others more or less injured.

BASE BALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, Sept. 6.—The locals lost to Pittsburg to day 1 to 5. They made only three hits.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	3	2
Pittsburg	5	9	4

Batteries—Weimer and Kling; Phillippi and Phelps.

Cincinnati, Sept. 6.—Heavy batting won for St. Louis to day.

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	3	5	2
St. Louis	8	12	4

Batteries—Phillips, Suthoff and Peitz; Hackett and O'Neill.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 6.—A large crowd saw Boston beat Philadelphia at Rocky Point to day.

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	3	9	1
Philadelphia	2	6	0

Batteries—Willis and Moran; McFetridge and Zimmer.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	3	0
Cleveland	0	1	2

Batteries—White and Sullivan; Glendon and Abbott.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1	5	0
Detroit	0	4	0

Batteries—Wright and Sugden; Mullin and McGuire.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	5	11	2
Detroit	1	3	1

Batteries—Pelty and Shannon; Donovan and Buelow.

"THREE-I" LEAGUE.

At Rock Island—First game forfeited to locals 9 to 0 accoun of non-appearance of Dubuque.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Rock Island	2	4	6
Dubuque	0	3	1

Batteries—Case and OO'Leary; Burwell and Lobeck.

First game—	R.	H.	E.
Springfield	12	16	7
Cedar Rapids	15	11	5

Batteries—Hagerman and Reading; Gill and Novack.

Second game—	R.	H.	E.
Springfield	1	11	4
Cedar Rapids	8	9	0

Batteries—Belt and Reading; Gill and Novack.

At Bloomington—	R.	H.	E.
Bloomington	5	9	2
Davenport	2	10	1

Batteries—Smith, Donovan and Jones; Ruby and Williams.

SOLDIER KILLED.

New London, Conn., Sept. 6.—Sergeant L. G. Bryson, of Colorado, was shot and instantly killed at F ort Wright, Fishers island by a sentry said to be Private Price, who had been ordere to arrest Bryson for creating a disturbance. It is claimed rtat Price wot a loaded shell in his gun by mistake for a blank.

DOCTORS COULD NOT HELP HER.

"I had kidney trouble for years," helton, Wash., "and the doctors could not help me. I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and the very first dose gave me relief and I am now cured. I cannot say too much for Foley's Kidney Cure." J. A. Obermeyer, City drug store.

ROOM MOULDING!

We are now making some special offerings in room mouldiuff of every kind and description at very low prices.

ARTISTIC SIGNS

We are prepared to furnish on short notice cloth signs or others of a more substantial kind.

Wall Paper

This store is always well stocked with wall papers. Lowest prices.

H. J. HOOVER



Promptness and Accuracy.

are good words to denote our grocery service—that only as to delivery. Quality and quantity also apply when it comes to grade and completeness of stock. Many features which will appeal to thoughtful people are observable here, and the more you study our stock and our methods the better we'll like it. If my wagon doesn't stop at your door we both lose money. Bell, 2392. Ill., 175.

Groves' Grocery.

2c Wall Paper 2c

2c, 3, 4c, 5c, 6c, 7c, 8c, 9c, 10c AND UPWARDS.

NOTICE—Doing my own work, I can guarantee it, and do not need as large profits on my wall papers.

Wall Paper Cleaned

I still continue to clean wall paper and guarantee the best of work in that line.

H. J. HAMMOND.

206 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Carpets
Wall Paper
and
Curtains
—AT—

CAFKY'S

Upholstering Establishment

WEST STATE STREET
Telephone 2051.

MATHENY & LLOYD.

(Members Chicago Board of Trade.)

Grain Brokers & Commission Merchants

Private Wire, Harris, Gates & Co. Chicago and New York.

Phones, Illinois 61; Bell 91. Rooms 5 and 7, Morrison block.

AN OLD GEOGRAPHY

Some Interesting Facts Regarding This Country as it was Ninety Years Ago.

James Caywood, of Virginia, has left at the Journal office one of two volumes of the American Universal Geography, or a View of the present state of all the kingdoms, states and colonies in the known world. The books are the work of Jedediah Morse D. D., F. A. A., S. H. S., minister of the Congregational church in Charlestown. It was published by Thomas & Andrews, Boston, in 1812, and sold wholesale and retail at their book store, No. 45 Newbury street.

The political divisions of North America are set down as Russian America, Danish America, British Possessions, United States, Spanish provinces and Aboriginal America.

Russian America comprehended the islands of Spitzbergen on the east, the promontory of Alaska and the islands which were near it and the coast between Portlock Harbor and Behring's straits on the west

Danish America comprised Iceland and Greenland

The British possessions were described as New Britain, Upper Canada, Lower Canada, Newfoundland Island, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Cape Breton Island and St John's Island.

The United States was composed of the Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Michigan Territory, Ohio Territory north of the Illinois river, Upper Louisiana, Indiana Territory, Maryland, Dist. of Columbia, Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, outh Carolina, Tennessee Georgia, Mississippi Territory and Orleans.

Spanish America included East Florida, New Mexico, California and Old Mexico.

Aboriginal America included the territory lying north of New Mexico and Louisiana, west of the British Possession and east of the Russian.

After describing the eastern and northern boundaries of the United States the book goes on to say:

From the shore of Lake Superior across the Grand Portage to Winnipee river and down the middle of that river, through Rainy Lake, to the northwest corner of Lake of the Woods; thence due west to the Mississippi and down the middle of that river to latitude 31 degrees; thence due east to the middle of Apalachicola, and down that river to its junction with the Flint river; thence in a straight line to the head of St. Mary's river, and down that river to the ocean.

It adds that Louisiana might be regarded as a part of the United States, but was not included in the foregoing description, but was described under a separate head as an annexed territory.

Religiously the denominations of that period are mentioned: Congregationalists, Presbyterians, Episcopalians, Friends, Methodists, Baptists, German Lutheran, Dutch Reformed, Roman Catholics, Moravians, Mennonists, Tunkers, Universalists and Shakers

The Congregationalists, the most numerous, had probably 1200 churches with an equal number of ministers and candidates.

Next came the Presbyterians with five synods, thirty-six presbyteries, 772 congregations or churches, 434 ministers, besides a number of licentiates.

In 1808, the book says, the Episcopals had in New England sixty-three churches and forty-eight ministers; in the middle states, sixty-eight churches and sixty-six ministers, and in the southern, 105 churches and 111 ministers, in all 240 churches and 213 ministers.

The Friends abounded mostly in the middle states with 400 congregations and a few in Rhode Island.

The Methodists were found mostly in the interior of the southern states, though they were scattered about the union. They then styled themselves The United Societies of the Methodist Episcopal church.

In 1793 the Baptists had 1,032 churches with 1,291 ministers and about 73,471 members and at the time of the publishing of the book they had probably increased some.

The Lutherans had about 100 congregations in Pennsylvania and New York. They were of German extraction and the German Calvinists were about equally numerous, the two denominations living together in perfect harmony.

The Dutch Reformed church comprised about eighty congregations, composing one synod.

Roman Catholics were more numerous in Maryland, and probably amounted to 75,000. They had one archbishop in Baltimore, one bishop in Boston, one in New York, one in Philadelphia and one in Bardstown, Ky. Except in Maryland they were found mostly in cities and were generally foreigners or the immediate descendents of such.

The Moravians were introduced into the United tates by Count Zinzendorf in 1741 and in 1788 amounted to about 2,000 persons, with settlements in Bethlehem, Nazareth and Little Pennsylvania, Hope, N. J., Wachovia on the Yadkin in North Carolina. They called themselves the United Brethern of the Protestant church.

The Mennonists derived their name from Simon Menno, a German, who was born in 1505. In 1531 he became a Baptist. Some of his followers came to Germantown, Pa., in 1692 and that was their chief settlement. In 1770 their whole number of members in that state was about 4,000.

The Tunkers derived their name from the word tunken, meaning to put a morsel in sauce. They first appeared in America in 1719 and their principal settlement was in Ephrata, Pa. There they had about 2,000 members besides some in Maryland and elsewhere.

The author remarks that the Universalists were divided into two sects, the followers of Dr. Chauncey and those of John Murray. The latter had a constitution by which they were governed. Their congregations were not numerous, but the number of those who hoped their doctrines were true was increasing.

The Shakers were a small sect which had existed since 1774, when a few came from England to New York. Their principal settlement was at Nisqueunia, above Albany. They had others in New Lebanon, Enfield, Conn., and Canterbury, N. H.

A small sect called the Sandemanians had existed, but was nearly extinct.

The Jews were not numerous; they had synagogues in New Port, New York, Philadelphia, Charleston and Savannah. Their whole number in the world was estimated at 3,000,000.

The author noted the amazing growth in the postal service with considerable satisfaction. In 1791 there were seventy-five postoffices in the country. From Jan. 1, 1790, to Oct. 1, 1809, the postal receipts were $5,305,093 and the expenses $4,549,601.55; but as the number of offices increased the service failed to be self-supporting, beginning in 1809.

At that time the principal cities of the union were New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, Charleston, S. C., Salem, Providence, Richmond, Albany, Washington, Newark, Lancaster, Portland, Newport, Portsmouth, Newburyport and Savannah. It was not until many years after that time that the now second city in the union was even though of, while the sites of a great many which largely surpass several in the list given were "part and parcel of a howling wilderness."

The great post road of the country was one extending from Maine to in the union was even thought of, the coast and passing through the chief seaports. Its length was some 1,600 miles. It was good as far as Philadelphia and after that indifferent, and a proposition to make it a turnpike all the way at a cost of $4,800,000 had been made.

Flax then entered largely into use in families and the number of hand cards in use in 1809 was 240,000 pairs. In the same year 20,000 square feet of cards for carding machines were made, valued at $200,000. The wire for all was imported amounting to twenty-five tons and valued at $40,000. The annual import of hats amounted to $350,000 and the exports to $100,000.

Straw bonnets and hats were made in a small district in Rhode Island and Massachusetts, but the attempt to print calico had proved a failure as far as profits were concerned

The exports of manufactures for the year ending Sept. 10, 1810, amounted to $2,174,000.

Only 200,000 pounds of gunpowder were imported and it was hoped that eventually the United States would be able to produce at home all the powder needed in the country.

Though there was considerable salt made, the country had to import upwards of 3,000,000 bushels to supply the needs for that necessary article.

The old book is full of interesting statistics and facts and the figures when compared with those of the present day show how the country has grown in every way.

Tablets, slates, pencils, crayon, pens, ink, &c, at Ledferd's.

NOTICE.

The public library will be closed Labor day, all day.

DRESSMAKERS TO MEET.

A thousand dressmakers are expected to attend the convention of the new Western Dressmakers' and Merchants' association to be held in St. Louis during the week beginning Sept. 21. One of the features of this novel gathering will be the exhibition of the latest elaborate gowns on living models. Many a modern play has been successful on the strength of its toilets fresh from Paris, and the possibilities of a whole convention devoted to the triumphs of dressmakers may be imagined. There will be dreams in ravishing costumes and miracles of color, texture and grace in gowns. By the way, St. Louis is growing all the while as a city for national conventions. Its unequalled central position is bound to tell more and more every year.

Take your old school books to Ledferd's book store.

HIS LIFE SAVED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

"B. L. Byer, a well known cooper of this town, says he believes Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy saved his life last summer. He had been sick for a month with what the doctors call bilious dysentery and could get nothing to do him any good uneil he tried this remedy. It gave him immediate relief," says B. T. Little, merchant, Hancock, Md. For sale by all druggists.

MODEL OF WARSHIP

To ature of the United States Naval Exhibit at the World's Fair of 1904.

Mr. B. F. Peters, chief clerk, having charge of the navy department exhibit at the world's fair, St. Louis, has formulated plans for his exhibit which will make it undoubtedly the most notable and novel in the history of government participation in expositions. The department as a whole has an exceptional opportunity to contribute to the greatness of the exposition. By its unsurpassed exhibit in the government building; the detail of a battalion of marines in their model camp on the exposition grounds; and the proposed detail of a squadron of men-of-war at St. Louis when the exposition opens, this department will aid more to the success of the exposition possibly than any other. The new features which Mr. Peters will have in his exhibit will render it intensely interesting.

The most important feature of the exhibit will be an exact sized model of an American man-of-war, showing that portion of the vessel from the bow back a distance of 118 feet to about the first smokestack. The model will not be a reproduction of any particular type of ship, but will contain features peculiar to battleships, cruisers and gunboats. Both the upper and main decks will be shown. On the former will be two 10-inch breechloading rifles in modern-balanced turrets. The main deck will show the captain's office, staterooms, messrooms, petty officers' quarters, berths, baths, hammocks, galley, mess-dispensary, ammunition hoists, torpedoes, electric water-tight doors in operation and naval guns of different calibers.

This model will occupy the central portion of the naval exhibit, and will be free of access to visitors, who thus will be enabled to examine carefully and at close range a modern American man-of-war.

Next in importance to the warship model will be the exhibition hourly, while the government building is open, of biograph motion scenes, illustrative of the life and duties of the crews on United States men-of-war.

These moving pictures will be thrown on a 20-foot canvas and were taken during the summer maneuvers of the North Atlantic squadron off the coast of New England. The scenes reproduced show the races, fire quarters and general muster.

In addition to these radical changes in his former plans, Mr. Peters will exhibit an exact model of the new naval academy at Annapolis in miniature, showing in detail the buildings and grounds (as they will be when completed) for which congress has appropriated $10,000,000.

Other features of the naval exhibit will include about thirty models of United States men-of-war, battleships, cruisers, gunboats, torpedo boats, torpedo boat destroyers, etc., similar to those now on exhibition in the navy department at Washington.

Separate exhibits from the different department bureaus ,such as the division of supplies and accounts, construction and repair, navigation, equipment and ordnance, will be arranged. In addition there will be numerous features of great interest, which have been outlined heretofore.

In order properly to guard the naval section, and for the purpose of daily drills, a battalion of 200 United States marines will be detailed for duty on the exposition grounds. Their camp will serve as a perfect exhibit of a modern marine camp.

A NINE YEARS' THIRST

Pike County Man Missed Train to Slake It.

An ancient mariner from Pike county was stranded at the Illinois Central station at Decatur between trains. His manner betokened the innocence of the babe and his gallways bristled with benevolence. After getting his bearings and finding out when his train would leave he stepped up to an habitue of the station and asked in a voice scarcely above a whisper:

"Is there any place about here where a man can get a glass of beer."

"Just step right across the street there, give the man a nickel and tell him I sent you, and I think you can be accommodated," was the reply.

"I just wanted a glass of beer. I have not taken a drink for nine years," said the man from Pike apologetically.

He followed the directions, however, and shortly afterward emerged wiping his mouth on his coat sleeve. A short time after he was seen telling another man about that nine years' thirst and asking, as if he were afraid he would be overheard, where was the nearest place he could get a glass of beer. The thirst seemed to be perennial and he kept up his researches in the same way all day, always looking for the nearest place. He missed his train and still the thirst was unsatisfied.

BURGOO.

Thursday, Sept. 10, at the Point church, burgoo soup, sandwiches, pie, cake and other good things to eat; 3 to 9 p. m.

STOMACH TROUBLE.

"I have been troubled with my stomach for the past four years," says D. L. Beach, of Clover Nook farm, Greenfield, Mass. "A few days ago I was induced to buy a box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. I have taken part of them and feel a great deal better." If you have any trouble with your stomach try a box of these tablets. You are certain to be pleased with the result. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

Montgomery & Deppe

Trade Palace

Place on Sale Monday Morning



New Tailor Made Suits

NEW TAILOR MADE SKIRTS

More of those popular $5 Walking Skirts and $3 Mohair Shirtwaists

Silk Petticoats and Mercerized Petticoats

All the new things in Dress Goods, Silks and Trimmings

Silk Cluny Laces in White and Ecru
Hand Made and Machine Made Cluny Laces

Use Us for Your Dry Goods' Needs.

Montgomery & Deppe

SO SOOTHING

Its Influence Has Been Felt by so Many Jacksonville Readers.

The soothing influence of relief
After suffering from itching piles,
From eczema or any itchiness of the skin
Makes one feel grateful to the remedy.
Doan's Ointment has soothed hundreds.
Here's what one Jacksonville citizen says.

Anthony Ward, of 1043 North Main street, says: "For fifteen years I was troubled with a severe irritation on my body and nothing I employed brought good results until I procured Doan's Ointment at Dr. H. Lee Hatch's drug store and used it. The effect was prompt and in a short time the trouble was removed I had also sufferde from eczema on my forehead and although I treated for it with physicians they could do it no good A few applications of Doan's Ointment entirely removed it. This reliable preparation is a true specific for skin diseases."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.



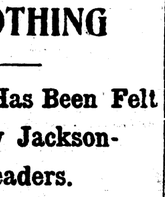
Looking Backward

When you look backward you can see exactly when you should have seen the dentist, and now you regret having put it off. Don't let that regret occur again. Have the pleasure of your own good teeth all the way through life.

H. L. GRISWOLD,

Over Russell & Lyons.

THE CELEBRATED Willard Steel Range $25.00



It has six 8-inch lids, 15-gallon reservoir, large warming closet, oven 21 in. deep, 17 in. wide, 12 in. high, top cooking surface 30x36 in.; lined with asbestos; duplex grate, burns wood or coal. Guaranteed in every respect; weighs 400 lbs. Write for free descriptive circular and testimonials.

SUTTER & LONERGAN, Sole Agts.
238 N. Main St., Jacksonville, Ill.

$62.50 to CALIFORNIA and BACK.

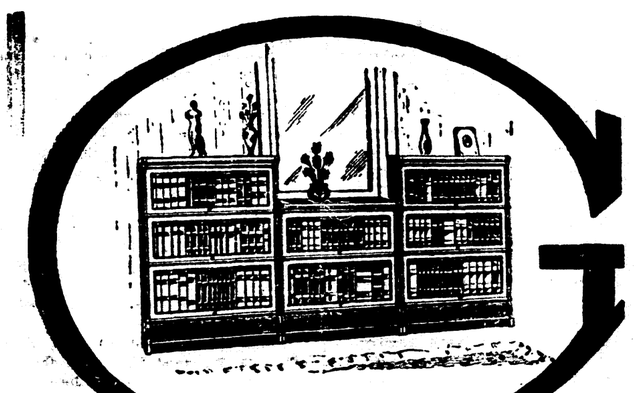
via Chicago & North Western R'y. From Chicago to San Francisco and Los Angeles, daily, Oct. 8 to 17. Correspondingly low rates from all points. Three fast trains daily, with magnificent equipment through to the coast, including the famous electric-lighted daily Overland Limited; less than three days en route, over the only double-track railway between Chicago and the Missouri river. All agents sell tickets via this line. Send for illustrated booklets, maps and full information to A. H. Waggener, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

For a bilious attack take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and a quick cure is certain. For sale by all druggists.

GALBRAITH

FURNITURE & CARPET CO.

EAST STATE STREET JUST OFF THE SQUARE



Globe-Wernicke

Isn't it about time to discard that old clumsy solid bookcase, that never accommodated your books or your space, and start a

Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Bookcase

that grows with your library and always fits it, that is made up of units and can be arranged in a variety of artistic shapes. Easily moved, one unit at a time, without disturbing the books. Fitted with the only perfect dust-proof roller-bearing non-binding door that positively cannot get out of order. Call and see it or write for our illustrated catalogue.

Galbraith Furniture & Carpet Co.

Plenty More Where That Come From.



Our facilities for furnishing fine flour are ample, and the flour itself is well known for its many merits. Ask your neighbors their opinion of the

White Lily Brand

and hear a tale that will convince you that you should be a user of BROOK MILLS FLOUR.

James Heneghan.

JACKSONVILLE TIME CARD

Time of departure of trains:

GOING NORTH.

C., P. & St. L.—
Peoria, daily 7:50 am
Peoria, ex. Sunday 4:00 pm
C., P. & St. L., Sunday only..... 5:55 pm
Peoria; accommodation freight 11:05 am
C. & A.—
Chicago-Peoria 6:00 am
Chicago, ex. Sunday 1:12 pm
Chicago-Peoria 6:28 pm
For Chicago 2:59 am

SOUTH AND WEST.

J. & St. L.—
For St. Louis 7:05 am
For St. Louis 3:00 pm
C. & A.—
For Kansas City 10:06 am
For Kansas City and St. Louis 11:47 pm
For Kansas City 5:43 am
For St. Louis, daily 7:20 am
For St. Louis, ex. Sunday 3:15 pm
For Roodhouse, ex. Sunday 5:25 pm

GOING WEST.

Wabash—
For Hannibal, Quincy and Kansas City 7:06 am
For Hannibal, Quincy and Kansas City 6:50 pm
Decatur accommodation 10:10 am
Kansas City mail 1:43 pm

GOING EAST.

Wabash—
For Toledo 8:37 am
For Toledo 8:54 pm
Decatur accommodation 3:55 pm
Buffalo mail 1:20 am

Time of arrival of trains:

FROM NORTH.

C., P. & St. L., daily 11:05 am
C., P. & St. L., ex. Sunday 6:55 pm
C., P. & St. L., Sunday only..... 9:05 pm
C., P. & St. L. accommodation 9:45 am

FROM SOUTH.

J. & St. L. 11:00 am
J. & St. L. 9:00 pm
C. & A., ex. Sunday 11:40 am
C. & A., ex. Sunday 8:00 pm
C. & A., Sunday only 10:15 pm

STREET RAILWAY.

First car leaves barn at 6:15 a. m. and every fifteen minutes afterward until 10:00 p. m.

Last car leaves square (west and south) at 10:15 p. m.

Leave west and south ends at 10:30 p. m.

BUY
HERMANS
CELEBRATED
MILLINERY

The Best and Cheapest on Earth.

Maple Flake

The Only Food in the World Combined With Pure Maple Syrup.

Requires no cooking.
The main diet for breakfast.
The appetizer for dinner.
The sauce piquant for supper.
Hearty enough for the manual laborer.
Nutritious enough for the brain woker.
Delicate enough for the dyspeptic.
Healthful for all people.

For Sale by
E. C. LAMBERT
233 W. STATE ST.
Both 'Phones, 126.

J. E. STICE
Manufacturer of
Live Stock and Poultry Remedies.
HOG REMEDIES
A Speciality
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Office at Brook & Stice's, West Side Square.
Tel.—Bell main 2453.

City and County.

Luke Wood, of Nebo, visited here Sunday.

Mrs. M. Keyhoe spent Sunday in Chicago.

J. L. Miners spent Sunday in Springfield.

W. T. Crane, of Prentice, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. M. G. Glassner visited friends in Chapin Sunday.

T. D. McLaughlin visited in Springfield Sunday.

Send your daughter to the Woman's college.

J. A. Carpenter went to Oxville Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Martha Reid spent Sunday in Chapin with friends.

Ed Varney, of Delavan, is visiting friends in Jacksonville.

Miss Ella Lonergan visited friends in Murrayville Sunday.

Frank A. Drake, of Springfield, was a Sunday visitor here.

Hats, union label; Byrns.

W. T. Ellis will spend Labor day with his brother in Quincy.

Miss Hettie Sorrells visited relatives in Murrayville yesterday.

Mrs. M. J. Wyckoff and daughter Ruth spent Sunday in Virden.

Mrs. S. W. Culp, of Morrisonville, was a Sunday visitor in the city.

Mrs. J. M. Coons and son Samuel went to St. Louis Sunday for a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Beerup, of Franklin, were visitors in the city Sunday.

Buy your oil, paint and roofing at Wilsonville: cheaper than Jacksonville.

Mrs. Lucy Dimmitt Kolp has returned from a two weeks' stay in Chicago.

Mrs. E. I. Halstead, Mrs. R. M. Jones were visitors in Murrayville Sunday.

Walter Wehrle and Cadie Funk left Sunday for a few days' visit in St. Louis.

Miss Louise Guyette, of Waverly, has returned after a visit with relatives here.

Myrtel Cherry, of Springfield, returned home Sunday, after a week's visit here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Schaaf, of Franklin, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

Hats, union label; Byrns.

Chester Harrison, of Waverly, suent Sunday in the city at the home of his mother.

Miss Helen Sawyer left Sunday afternoon for a visit of two weeks or more in Colorado.

Miss Reina DeFrates and Miss Eva Vasconcellos spent Sunday with friends in Peoria.

Miss Alice Draper, of Springfield, spent Sunday with Miss Susan Draper on Westminster street.

Sewing of all kinds done promptly and well; satisfaction guaranteed; 211 South Kosciusko street.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Buffe, of Bloomington, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. C. B. Powell over Sunday.

Miss Abigail King has returned from a two weeks' visit in Omena and other northern resorts.

Hats, union label; Byrns.

W. J. Hemphill, of St. Louis, spent Sunday in the city at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Price.

The best instruction in music, art and elocution is at the Woman's college.

H. A. Miller and H. H. Miller, of Quincy, visited a brother, who is a patient at one of the hospitals here.

Mr. Widenham, of Peoria, spent Sunday in the city at the home of his brother, Dr. J. C. Widenham.

Miss N. B. Clark, F. J. Smith and Miss Zella DeCastro were among those who visiter Springfield Sunday.

Thomas Scott and Thomas Allen, with their moving picture machine, left Sunday morning for Kankakee.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Brown arrived in the city from Crookston, Minn., Saturday evening.

Walter Read, of Rock Island, and H. E. Read, of Peoria, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

B. B. Gray and wife have returned from a week's visit with relatives in Galesburg and Peoria.

R. D. Funk left Sunday for Alexander, where he has a position as teacher in the Little Hope school.

Miss Florence Widmayer has returned to her home in Virginia after a short visit with Miss Clara Finlay.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Stout and daughter, Mrs. Lily Black, left Sunday for a visit with friends in Springfield.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Obermeyer and family, of Chicago, spent Sunday in the city on their way to Winchester to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Allen, of Waverly, have changed their residence to Jacksonville was formerly turnkey at the county jail.

Shirts made by union labor; Byrns.

William Schumm, residing on North Main street, has gone to St. Louis to spend a week enjoying a vacation and visiting friends.

Charles H. Walker, of the J. & St. L., who has been spending a month's vacation at his old home in New England, returned Saturday evening.

Newton Woods, of Franklin, who drove in from his home circus day and whose horse was taken sick here Friday afternoon, came after the animal Sunday.

The work done at the Woman's college is accepted by the Chicago University. Send your daughter.

J. M. DePew, of Bloomington, spent Sunday in the city with his son, C. L. DePew. He was delayed several hours by the wreck at Greenview.

The Woman's Missionary society of State Street Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Scott, 1008 West State street, Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Neckwear, union label; Byrns.

Harry Wadsworth has gone to Chicago to meet Mrs. Wadsworth and family, who are on their way home from a summer's visit spent at Harbor Point.

A. B. Fairbank, city attorney of Huron, S. D., who has been visiting his father and sister in the city the past week, will leave this morning for his home.

Roy Scott, who has been in the employ of Ehnie Bros., has resigned his position and after a two weeks' visit with friends in St. Louis, will enter Illinois college.

Sunday Misses Gladys Cochran and Margaret English enjoyed a delightful visit at the pleasant and hospitable home of Thos. Wilcox in New Berlin and had a splendid dinner.

Hon. Thomas Worthington returned Sunday from Estes Park, Colo., where he has been spending the summer with his family. Mrs. Worthington and son Morrison are expected in about ten days.

Hooker and Davis, a team well known on the farce comedy stage, are this season playing important roles with the Keno, Welch and Melrose farce, Zig-Zag Alley, which appears at the Grand Tuesday, Sept 8.

The kindergarten board will meet with the chairman, Miss Henrietta Clark, 328 West Court street, at 3 p. m., Tuesday. Important business.

Mr. and Mrs. Sanders Nunes, of Des Moines, Iowa, who have been visiting friends in the city, returned home Sunday afternoon. Mr. Nunes formerly lived here, but had not visited his old home town in thirteen years.

Miss Nellie A. Knopff, one of the faculty of the Woman's college, is expected in the city Monday. Her mother will accompany her and they will have rooms for the winter at the residence of Miss Selby, 716 West College avenue.

WILL PRESENT THE PIT

W. A Brady's Company Promises Much with Play From Norris' Novel.

William A. Brady has just issued a booklet in which he announces the engagement of Wilton Lackkaye to star under his management, and calls attention to the actor's fitness for the role of Curtis Jadwin in "The Pit," which will be the first play produced. No one who recalls Mr. Lackaye's excellent character work—his Svengali, his Belgraff, his Shemuel—can question his fitness to head a company of his own, while the half-forgotten impersonation which he contributed to "Aristocracy" guarantees the potency of his Jadwin. The man whom Frank Norris created was rough, forceful, irresistible, all of which things Mr. Lackaye can be, and his defiance of his opponents in the produce exchange constitutes a scene in which the original Svengali should be powerful.

Channing Pollock and William A. Brady are dramatizing "The Pit." Mr. Pollock is a newspaper man; Mr. Brady is a master of stage craft—the combination seems promising. All the thirty or forty characters of the book will be utilized and some twenty others are to be created. "The Pit" is to have five acts, the first showing the lobby of the Chicago Auditorium during a rendering of grand opera; the second the mansion of the Cresslers during the rehearsal of private theatricals; the third and fifth an art gallery in Jadwin's home, and the fourth the offices of Gretry, Converse & Co., brokers, and the Pit. Until this scene the love of Jadwin and Laura Dearborn, menaced by the appeals of Sheldon Carthell, is to form the theme of the piece, the ominous presence of distracting business remaining a distant thunder cloud, which breaks with temporary fury in the fourth act. This Pit episode will not last five minutes, but from those five minutes much is hoped. Jadwin, surrounded by 600 shouting, gesticulating foes and lookerson, fights heroically to keep up the price of his wheat until his brain gives way under the strain and he returns, broken in mind and fortune, to his wife.

"The Pit" will be the first vitally modern American play the stage has had in some time. For this reason, if for no other, it should be a success.

Mr. Brady has gone to Engand to engage a leading woman and to arrange for a production in London, where Mr. Lackaye is known and admired, early next spring. The presentation promised is enormous and elaborate.

MUD-SLINGING.

To sully the limpid clearness of the well which suppies your drinking water would seem a poor way to begin the day. If you cloud your thinking faculties with coffee at breakfast the work before you isn't going to be the brightest and most sparkling success. Mocon Cereal Coffee gives you coffee's tempting flavor and aroma with none of coffee's poisonous effects. It nourishes the system, calms the nerves and makes the brain as clear as a June morning. And—it TASTES so good you think it must be bad for you—until you see the way your health picks up. Then you drink Mocon, the Food Drink, all the time. —Man's Best Drink.

TO CONTINUE.

Erixon & Kennedy will continue the light livery business for the present at Ogle's barn, next barn north of the old stand.

ZIG-ZAG ALLEY.

One of the big novelties of the season is the Keno, Welch and Melrose farce, the New Zig-Zag Alley, which comes to the Grand Tuesday, Sept. 8, with Keno, Welch and Melrose, supported by a company of fun-makers comprising some of the best known comedians and vaudeville artists known to this country and Europe, together with a trained chorus of pretty girls. The play is by Will Phillips, under whose personal supervision the production has been staged and whose reputation for picturesque grouping and ensemble numbers is unexcelled.

SCHOOL NOTICES.

I will be in my office at the high school building Thursday, Friday and Saturday afternoons of this week and each afternoon next week, except Thursday and Saturday, for the purpose of consulting with, pupils, parents and teachers.

Principals will meet at the superintendent's office Thursday, Sept. 10, at 2:30 p. m.

General teachers' meeting will be held Saturday, Sept. 12, at 2:30 p. m., in the lecture room high school building.

E. E. Webster,
Superintendent of City Schools.

ATTENTION, MASONS.

Special communication Jacksonville Lodge, No. 570, Tuesday evening, Sept. 8, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in Master Masons' degree, followed by banquet. All Masons invited to be present.

E. E. Crabtree, W. M.

COKE! COKE!!

TEMPORARILY and subject to change of price at any time, we will sell uncrushed coke at 9 cents per bushel; crushed coke at 11 cents per bushel. These prices are for immediate delivery only.

Jacksonville Gas Light and Coke Co.
Aug. 21, 1903.

You Are Invited To

The Big Store
JACKSONVILLE

Birthday Party

TUESDAY, SEPT. 8, '03

ALL DAY AND EVENING

We will be Two Years Old. To celebrate the day we will give our Annual Birthday Party to our friends

There will be Music by Jeffries' Concert Band
ALL DAY LONG AND IN THE EVENING

There will be Pure Food Demonstrations--There will be Something Good to Eat and Drink Free

There will be Plenty of Obliging Clerks to Wait on You, and the
Biggest and Best Bargains Ever Offered in Jacksonville

FOR ONE DAY ONLY

W. L. ALEXANDER MERCANTILE CO.

BREAD BAKING CONTEST
300 POUNDS OF FLOUR GIVEN AWAY FREE IN PRIZES

Six valuable prizes, amounting to $6.30, will be given away on our birthday.

To the lady baking the best loaf of bread out of "Little Duke" flour, we will give two 50-lb sacks of "Little Duke" flour worth $2.20. For the second best loaf, one 50-lb. sack of "Little Duke" flour, worth $1.10.

To the lady baking the best loaf of bread out of "Peacock" flour, we will give two 50-lb. sacks of "Peacock" flour. To the second best, one 50-lb. sack of "Peacock" flour.

Persons entering the bread contest will please bring their loaves to Grocery Department and receive their entrance ticket. Leave same with us before 9 a. m., Tuesday, Sept. 8.

BE SURE TO READ ONE OF OUR CIRCULARS

NEW FALL GOODS

We are now showing a very complete line of fall suitings.

The goods will certainly please men who appreciate fine clothing, You are invited to inspect the line.

NEISSEN



JUST ARRIVED AT THE
Three Georges

A Full Line of the
DOROTHY DODD SHOES
Also
Men's Fine Shoes

HILLERBY, VICKERY & BRADY.
SOUTH SIDE SQUARE.

First Showing
OF
The Newest Suitings
FOR
Fall Wear

A. WEIHL
South Side Square

Cut your coal bill



Protect the family health!
Make your home cozy!
Free the living rooms from ashes and soot!
Avoid doctor's bills!

Let us tell you about our modern HOT WATER AND STEAM SYSTEMS.

IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators.

Roylan Landers & Co.

Special Cut Prices

On Vehicles for Thirty Days to clear out the present stock. Some very fine Rubber Tired Rigs. See stock and prices anp be convinced.

A. W. BECKER

The DAILY JOURNAL, 10c Per Week.

The Daily Journal.

THE JOURNAL COMPANY

HAWES YATES, President.
S. W. NICHOLS, Treasurer.
W. L. FAY, Secretary.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid.....$5.00
Three months.....1.25
One week (delivered by carrier).....10

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid.....$1.50
Six months, postage paid.....75

Subscribers who fail to get their papers regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office, either in person, by telephone or postal card.

All business, news letters or telegrams should be addressed to
THE JOURNAL COMPANY,
Jacksonville, Ill.

Bell and Illinois 'Phones: Nos. 64.

BURGLARS AROUND.

Families residing in the north end of Webster avenue were aroused Saturday night and early Sunday morning by burglars who were prowling around in the neighborhood. Lew H. Pratt was the first to discover the suspicious characters and Coroner Reynolds, who lives near, was notified and made a search, but the persons had evidently been scared away, as no trace of them could be found.

The family of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Lambert on West State street are very much mystified over a burglary at their residence, which occurred some time Friday night. Friday morning, when Dr. W. F. Short arose he found his trousers misplaced and lying at the foot of his bed, where they had been carelessly thrown. Upon examination he found his trouser pockets had been rifled and some $10 or $12, which was in silver, taken therefrom. His pocket knife also was missing. An investigation was immediately made to see where an entrance had been affected, but all doors and windows were found as locked the night before, with the exception of a window over the front porch, which was only protected by a screen. If an entrance was made at this window the burglar had been very careful to replace the screen in its proper position, as well as otherwise cover up his tracks. Mr. and Mrs. Lambert and Dr. Short are utterly in ignorance as to who the party could have been and as to how or where he got into the house.

CATHOLIC PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The public school for Catholics of this city will reopen Tuesday morning. These schools, which have lately been improved by the addition of a full high school course of studies, are conducted entirely free of expense to students. It has been the aim to combine progressiveness and thoroughness, and to secure the best results by the use of the most approved methods. The schools are not restricted to members of the Catholic church and non-Catholics, as well as Catholics, are free to enroll at any time and to pursue courses of study. The high school department at the present time includes work in Modern Languages, Latin, Grecian and Roman History, History of the Later Middle Ages, English Language and Literature, Mathematics, Science, Drawing and Botany.

DEATHS AT THE HOME.

Following is the list of deaths at the Soldiers' home in Quincy during the month of August:

Franklin Helpic, K. 73d Ill., died Aug. 7, 1903.

Irving S. Pettis, D. 147th N. Y., died Aug. 7, 1903.

Joshua B. Alois, L. 68th Ill., died Aug. 7, 1903.

George W. Cook, G. 18th Ill., died Aug. 10, 1903.

Wm. F. Bain, A. 16th Ill., died Aug. 12, 1903.

Allen Herrington, I 8th Pa. Inf., died Aug. 12, 1903.

Thos. M. Weaver, H. 17th Ill. Inf., died Aug. 14, 1903.

Jas. M. Beardsley, D. 13th Ill. Inf., died Aug. 23, 1903.

Richard Courtney, A. 31st Ill. Inf., died Aug. 24, 1903.

Eugene Madigan, D. 3rd Mo. Inf., died Aug. 24, 1903.

Morris Mullen, A. 5th Wis. Inf., died Aug. 31, 1903.

Rufus I. Hager, D 98th Ill. Inf., died Aug. 31, 1903.

Joseph Lee, I. 82d Ohio, died Aug. 31, 1903.

POLICE NEWS.

Mattie Shores was arrested yesterday by Officer Trahey, charged with assault and battery.

Open evenings, Ledferd's.

HE CURED THE LITTLE GIRL

Mr. Herman Muller, senior member of the firm of Muller & Leykom, extensive lumber and general merchants at Polar, Langdale Co., Wis., says: "My little girl was troubled with a bronchial cough and we tried several remedies without satisfactory results. We finally gave her a few doses of Harts' Honey and Horehound, which quickly cured her." Harts' Honey and Horehound is a never failing cure for all throat and lung troubles to which children are subject. It is very pleasant to take and the absence of any deleterious or dangerous drugs makes it especially valuable for small children. 25c, 50c and $1 bottles. Sold by Lee P. Allsott, druggist.

Daily Journal 10c per week.

SWITCHBOARD ECHOES.

Something Which Causes Telephone Girls to Ponder Over the Uncertainties of Matrimony.

Some things are heard at the switchboard which no doubt cause the fair young lady operators to think twice before marrying, unless the man can show reliable credentials in support of his claim to truthfulness, says the Washington Star. The following is a true telephone story:

From the house: "B-r-r-r-r!"

"What number?"

"Hello, Central! Give me Main 1—0, please."

"B-r-r-r-r!"

"Well?"

"Is that you, Harry?"

"Yes, Agnes; what's the matter?"

"Why, I'm going out for awhile, dear, and I won't be back until late. I am going to run down to mother's for a visit this evening, but I won't bother you to call for me, for brother George can bring me back."

"No trouble, Agnes, I might as well come after you."

"Oh, no, Harry; I won't be back till rather late, and I know you're tired. You have been working hard to-day, haven't you?"

"Well, yes, rather."

"Don't come after me. But you will go home for tea, won't you? I'll have everything fixed for you. You'll come home to tea?"

"Well, yes, I suppose so."

"You won't mind my not being there, will you?"

"Oh, of course, I'll mind, but, then, I'll get along for one meal all right, I guess."

"If you care, I'll stay till after tea, but—"

"No, no, you won't; go down and see mother; I'll be all right. Don't worry about me."

"Will you be lonesome, dear?"

"Of course, I'll be lonesome, but, then, I'll—"

"What will you do, Harry?"

"Oh, I'll smoke a little and read a little and sit out on the porch and—"

"And think about me?"

"I was just going to say that."

"I hate to think of your being lonesome, but I won't stay very long, and you can read and smoke and stay in and rest. You won't go back to the old office, will you, dear?"

"No, I'm tired of the stuffy old office. I'll get along all right."

"Well, good-bye, Harry. Now, be a good boy and come home to tea, and don't get lonesome. Good-bye, dear."

"Good-bye, Agnes."

From the office: "B-r-r-r-r-r-r-r!!!" And Central's ear ached.

"What number?"

"Look here, Central, don't go to sleep. Give me Cabin John Bridge hotel, quick! It's getting late!"

"B-r-r-r-r!"

"Well?"

"Is this Cabin John?"

"Yes."

"Say, I want you to prepare supper for seven; can you do it? We'll be out about 7:30 this evening. Just a jolly little party; do you think you can accommodate us?"

"Regular dinner, or special?"

"Oh, just your regular dinner. Plenty to eat and drink; just so we don't get lonesome, you know. You know what we want."

"All right; we'll take care of you."

"O. K. Seven people, at 7:30 this evening."

"Got your order. Good-bye."

Harry didn't get lonesome that evening. No, indeed.

PROUD OF HIS HEALTH.

Pope Leo's Favorite Prescription Was a Story with a Good Laugh in It.

If Leo prided himself on one thing more than another it was his health. As a rule he permitted his doctors to prescribe only one kind of medicine; a good laugh, says the New York World. Instead of bothering him with questions about his liver, they had to tell stories. To Lapponi he often said: "Don't get excited, doctor, we have a better physician than you—Divine Providence."

On one occasion Lapponi had forbidden the holy father to speak longer than ten minutes at a reception of pilgrims, and, the time being up, the doctor began to cough. Leo gave him an ironical look, and, after he had finished, remarked: "You have a bad cold, Lapponi; better go to the vatican druggist and get some syrup at my expense."

In February, 1899, when the pope was about to be operated on, he asked Prof. Mazzoni how he felt about it. The professor, fearing loss of reputation in case the pope did not survive, answered truthfully enough: "Rather shaky, your holiness."

"No matter," replied Leo, "I have courage for two," and, observing Lapponi, added: "No, for three; go ahead, in God's name."

When Bishop Ireland called upon him soon after his operation the kind-hearted American could not restrain his tears. "'Don't cry," said the pope, as if addressing a child. "You are not old enough to think of death by a good many years."

The Fashion Spreads.

"Oh, doctor!" moaned the suffering young woman, "I have such an excruciating pain in my side."

"Um—yes. What seems to be the nature of the pain?" asked the physician. "Does it cover the side, or is it confined to one spot?"

"It seems to be scattered all over," explained the patient, "just as if it were a hundred little spots at once."

"Ah!" mused the physician. "This corroborates my theory of the influence of current fashions upon the human system. You have what we would colloquially term a drop-stitch in the side."—Judge.

HERE AND THERE.

Germany exports about $5,000,000 worth of electrical goods to Russia annually.

Mexico raises 50,000 bales of the 100,000 bales of cotton used each year in that country.

Capital punishment was abolished in Italy since 1875. Since then murders have increased 42 per cent.

There are 107,848 dressmakers employed by firms in London. The highest wages obtainable—except in the case of about a dozen heads of departments—are 18 shillings a week.

The French colonial party wish the port of Diego-Saurlez, a fine natural harbor at the extreme north of Madagascar, made a Gibraltar, from which France could dominate the Indian ocean.

Biebrich-on-the-Rhine is becoming a great rival of Italy in the manufacture of macaroni, the Germans claiming cleanliness and nutritive value as the chief recommendations for the Biebrich article. Formerly Italy's climate, cheap wheat and air-drying facilities aided the Italian manufacturer, but superior labor-saving machinery has brought the Biebrich article a great competing trade.

Paris now boasts a "man with steel hands." Admitted to a hospital the other day at his own request, he was examined by a student, and pronounced to be absolutely well. He thereupon seized the student's hand and squeezed it till he literally crushed the fingers to show his appreciation of the welcome intelligence. On being removed to a police station he broke a thick log of wood in two, bent a pair of pincers with his fingers, and burst a rope wound ten times round a barrel.

HOUSEHOLD SUGGESTIONS.

String beans make an acceptable salad.

Dry flour and an old newspaper will polish up tinware.

Water should be used when it first boils, or it becomes flat.

Marinade or marinate means to pickle or cover with vinegar for a certain time.

Use hot instead of cold milk for your mashed potatoes and note the difference.

Potatoes au gratin are simply potatoes cut, mixed in cream sauce, baked in the oven and served in the dish in which they are cooked.

Children's soft felt hats that have become soiled may be put through the tubbing process with manifest advantage. Wash on the board just the same as you would a pair of stockings, rinse in water of the same temperature and lay on the grass or a bush to dry.

Mirrors are never so well cleaned and polished as when wet newspapers are used for the first process and soft, dry, crumpled papers for the last. If the mirrors are very much soiled, with flyspecks, for instance, but ammonia in the water. Soap should not be used at all.

TRADE TOPICS.

For the first time in 25 years, cane sugar is being exported from Cuba to England.

Sixty million barrels of kerosene were produced in the United States. The proceeds from the sale of this and the byproducts obtained from petroleum are estimated at $500,000,000.

Six million dollars' worth of shoes have been sold abroad by American shoemakers within a year. This shows the exports in that line to have multiplied by 12 in ten years. Mexico, Cuba and Canada each bought about $500,000 worth, and nearly all the remainder went to Great Britain.

The production of petroleum in Roumania has grown from 56,000 tons in 1893 to 310,000 tons in 1902. Three companies practically control the entire industry. Kerosene and gasoline go principally to Germany, Great Britain, Norway, Bulgaria and France, while the greater part of the exports of crude oil is taken by Austro-Hungarian refineries.

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

In the future women will be allowed to take degrees in the University of Dublin.

Japanese is the latest language to be added to the list taught at the University of Chicago.

A school of applied science has been created by the board of regents of the University of Iowa, and Prof. L. G. Weld has been appointed director.

Dr. George Harris, president of Amherst college, told the educators in convention in Boston that if sports stopped at colleges and schools the moral tone would suffer.

The cost of living at Yale varies greatly. This year fifty-six of the seniors got through the various terms on $400 or less. Nine spent from $2,000 to $2,500 and six spent over $2,500. There were 110 who spent $1,000 or less, and 118 who spent over $1,000.

WHAT WE EAT.

Americans consume 12 pounds of coffee per capita a year. Danes and Norwegians use more. England being a tea drinking country uses less than three-quarters of a pound.

In German markets California prunes and apricots are rapidly supplanting the products of France and Italy. The California fruit is cheaper and its flesh brighter and more solid.

The agricultural department has established a microscopic laboratory for the inspection of imported foods as provided in the pure food laws in effect from July 1. Cheap coffees are adulterated with blue clay. Coffee berries made of chicory, starch, clay, and other ingredients are shaped in molds, colored, and in some instances flavored, so as to resemble the genuine article. This fraud is not profitable, however, unless the price of coffee is above the average.

PEORIA WINS

Locals Go to Pieces in Last of Game—Score 10 to 4.

The Marquette club, of Peoria, came down for a game with the local team Sunday and the 500 people who witnessed the game saw in the first seven innings of the game some of the cleanest ball playing done on the diamond for some time. But before the close Peoria made the score 10 to 4 in their favor, not because of any exteremly good work on their part, but simply a collapse in the local team at a critical point, whereby errors and errors of judgment allowed the visitors an opportunity to make six runs off two hits and those hits were singles; yet, while the ball was being juggled around the diamond, Peoria kept coming round and marked down five scores after they had made the second out.

There were many brilliant plays in the game yesterday in which Hackett and Livingstone, for the locals, and Schoch, Sullivan and Benford, of the visitors, held the monopoly.

Abernathy had plenty of steam and held the visitors down to eight hits, which were well scattered, and had his support been what is should two runs would have been the sum total of Peoria's achievements.

Benford, who pitched for Peoria, was a puzzler and Jacksonville could not solve his benders and in consequence thirteen men stood up for three strikes and out and the few hits gathered off his delivery were only singles, none of which came at the time when most needed.

It happened this way: Peoria was first at bat and Ryan touched up the ball for an easy grounder to Hagel, who muffed it. Kelley sent an easy grounder to Franz, who threw him out at first, Ryan getting to second. Matheny handed Abernathy a bouncer and was out. Schoch duplicated and retired the side.

Hanchen sent a grounder to Schoch and made first. Livingstone struck out and Cadigan put a hot one to second, which was fumbled, and the runner landed safe, but was caught in trying to steal.

Second inning—Kuhr flew out to Franz, Terry put one over third base, Sullivan made a sacrifice, advancing Terry. Thieme hit another grounder and went out. When Jacksonville came to bat in the second half Peoria had two of their four errors and the locals scored three times. Abernathy hit a grounder to short and made a fumble; Magill put a fly into left field and landed safe, advancing Abernathy to second. Hagel made a sacrifice, advancing Magill and Abernathy. Hackett fanned, but Franz hit through the third baseman and Abernathy and Magill came home, Franz making second. Shannahan hit over short and Franz brought in the third score. Hanchen struck out.

Third inning—Benford hit safey into left field; Ryan sacrificed. Kelley sent a grounder to Hagel, who fumbled, letting him to first and Benford to third. Matheny put a long fly into center, where Livingstone made a great catch, but Benford, on third, beat the ball home and Livingstone through high from center to Cadigan and Kelley came on from second for the second score. Schoch was next at bat and landed on the sphere for what he thought was a three-bagger. Livingstone threw him out at third.

In the second half Livingstone was out at first; Cadigan made a safety into center, and Magill and Abernathy fanned.

Fourth inning—Kuhr flew out to Hagel and Terry to Livingstone. Sullivan put a fly over to Shannahan and made first, but was caught at third by Cadigan. Hagel flew out to Thieme, Hackett got a base on balls and stole second; Franz and Shannahan struck out.

Fifth inning—Thieme and Benford flew out to Hackett; Ryan came on for a single and Kelley dropped a fly to Shannahan. Hanchen fanned; Livingstone made a hit and stole second; Cadigan flew out to Ryan, and Abernathy knocked a pop-up to Benford.

Sixth inning—Matheny went out at first; Schoch got hit and stole second. Kuhr's grounder to Hagel retired him at first and Terry flew out to Shannahan. The locals added another run in this half, Hagel coming in on Benford's error. Magill's fly was caught by Sullivan; Hagel hit over second; Hackett took a base on balls; Franz bunted and got to first. Shannahan bunted and Hagel came home. Hanchen hit to short and forced Hackett home, and Livingstone fanned.

In the seventh both sides drew blanks. Sullivan flew out to Hackett; Thieme flew out to short, and Benford struck out. Cadigan, Abernathy and Hagel struck out.

The eighth inning witnessed the locals' complete collapse, and what had been ball playing without a blemish turned at once into something worse than rounedrs and six of the visitors came home.

The last half was easy. Hackett got his base on balls and was caught at second. Franz flew out to Hackett and Shannahan's grounder to Ryan retired him at first.

In the ninth inning the visitors drew two more runs, while the locals drew blanks.

PEORIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Ryan, 2b	5	1	2	2	1	1
Kelley, rf	5	1	1	0	0	0
Matheny, ss	5	1	0	0	3	1
Shock, 3b	4	2	3	0	0	1
Kuhr, 1b	4	1	0	6	0	0
Terry, c	5	1	1	14	2	1
Sullivan, rf	3	1	0	2	0	0
Thieme, lf	4	1	0	2	0	0
Benford, p	4	1	1	1	2	0
Totals	39	10	8	27	8	4

JACKSONVILLE.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hanchen, 2b	5	0	0	1	0	1
Livingstone, cf	4	0	1	4	1	0
Cadigan, c	5	0	1	3	4	0
Abernathy, p	5	1	0	0	5	0
Magill, 1b	4	1	2	9	0	1
Hagel, ss	4	1	1	2	3	2
Hackett, lf	1	0	0	3	0	0
Franz, 3b	4	1	0	4	0	4
Shannahan, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Totals	36	4	6	27	16	8

Three base hit—Shock. Home run—Shock. First on balls—Off Abernathy 1; hit, 2; struck out, 2. Benford—First on balls, 2; hit, 9; struck out, 13. Umpire, Towers. Time of game, 1:45.

Prices guaranteed. Ledferd's.

THE DEATH RECORD.

FERNANDES.

Henry M. Fernandes, son of H. S. Fernandes, died Sunday morning at the family home three miles northeast of the city, from diphtheria. The child was 6 years, 8 months and 23 days old. The funeral was private and was held at Jacksonville cemetery at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

A STRIKING PICTURE.

"The most singular painting I ever saw," said the Rev. George R. Savage to several men who were discussing art, "was owned by the late T. B. Peterson, the Philadelphia publisher. I have often wondered what became of it after his death and have often thought that I would like to own it. It wasn't a great work of art as the critic might view it, but it appealed to me very strongly. It was by an obscure painter, whose name I don't even remember. The subject was a German cathedral, with a tower rising in bold relief, and in the tower was a clock. A hole had been cut in the canvas to accommodate the face of the clock. The thing was so skillfully done that in looking at the picture one would not suspect that a real clock figured in it, for it was a very large canvas, but on the hour the clock would strike in such a tone as to give the impression of great distance to accord with the perspective of the picture. The face of the clock, which was of French make, was quite small, and the deep muffled tone was very effective."—Philadelphia Record.

Daily Journal 10c per week.

THE STORE FOR DRESS GOODS AND SILKS

Correct 1903 Fall Styles

Frank's DRY GOODS & NOTIONS

Season's Choicest Fabrics

HOCKENHULL BLDG. JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

New Fall Dress Goods on Display, Very Special Values,

At 50c and $1.00 Per Yard

Half Dollar Offerings

Special for This Week.

50 inch Secilians 50c yd. The choice fabric for shirt waist suits; regular 75c value, in choice shades of navy blue and black. **50c yd.**

40 inch Fancy Granite 50c yd. 8 pieces fine fancy Granite Suiting, in all the new fall shades; 65c value. **50c yd.**

Z38 inch ibeline 50c yd. In all colors aud mixtures. The popular fall suiting. **50c yd.**

Special Dollar Value

Sponge and Shrunk Free This Week.

50 inch Zibelines $1.00 yd. This week we continue to sell this favorite fall fabric, regular $1.25 value, all shades and mixtures. **$1.00 yd.**

50 inch Fancy Zibeline $1.00 yd. A new mixed fancy Zibeline suiting, just arrived and which we will place on sale during this sale at a price that should interest all. **$1.00 yd.**

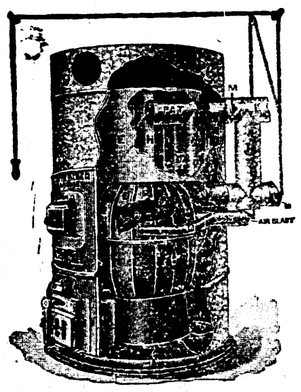
54 inch Wool Venetian $1.00 yd. Th popular plain wool suiting, in all col and shades. Extraordinary value **$1.00 yd**

The Haines Bros. Pianos

Stand prominent as one of the very few old standard makes having been preferred and used by the greatest artists for many years. The list includes:

Adelina Patti.
Italio Campanini.
Anna De Belocca.
Christine Nilsson.
Ole Bull.
Clara Louise Kellogg.
Emma Abbott.
Pasquale Brignoli.
Emma C. Thursby.
Etelka Gerster.
Guiseppe Del Puente and many others.

W. T. BROWN Sells These Pianos. NEW PIANOS FOR RENT



The Careful, Sensible Buyer

Sees and investigates what he iswhes to buy. The new improvements in the **Akron Air Blast Furnace** and our prices will interest you.

H. L. & B. W. Smith.

FARM LANDS

IN THE FAMOUS

Red River Valley of Texas.

$6 to $20 per acre.

Special trains via

FRISCO SYSTEM

Leave St. Louis for Vernon, Tex., Sept. 15, 1903; $15 round trip.

This land produces wheat, corn, oats, cotton and alfalfa, is in cultivation and produced 25 bushels of wheat per acre this season. Vernon is a hustling city of 3,500, has two railroads and ample commercial facilities. Good climate. Good water. Good schools, churches and society. Good government. Low taxes.

TAKE A TRIP

and see Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Texas and the great southwest.

Best of train service, up-to-date equipment and courteous employes. Choice of routes going and coming.

For further information write to or call on

FRANK J. HEINL,

Land and Immigration Agent, Frisco System, 19 Morrison Block, Jacksonville, Ill.

COMING

A Gentleman From Gascony

Monday, Sept. 14.

ANDERSON & SON

EMBALMERS

AND

Funeral Directors

Telephones—Day, 39; night, 40.

FRANK J. HEINL

Loans, Investments and Real Estate.

19 Morrison Block.

Grand Opera House.

ONE NIGHT ONLY TUESDAY, SEPT. 8th.

W. E. FLACK
Presents the Famous

KENO, WALSH and MELROSE

In the New
BIG TRICK FAROE COMEDY,

ZIG-ZAG ALLEY

The Greatest Laughing Show on Earth.

A Merry Whirling Wheel of Fun.

.....THIRTY-FIVE STAR ARTISTS.....

.....CHORUS OF PRETTY GIRLS.....

A Mighty Wave of Originality—It Leads Them All.

A Twentieth Century Production.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1. Seats on sale Saturday, Sept. 5.

Daily Journal 10c per week

City and County.

Clarence L. DePew spent Sunday in Woodson.

Lost: A white Spitz dog. Telephone Brown, 614.

Miss Agnes Vieira left Sunday for a visit in St. Louis.

Will Pfeffer and Ed Duer, of Waverly, spent Sunday here.

Earl Crane left Sunday morning for a few days' visit in Chicago.

John Dobyns, of St. Louis, spent Sunday with relatives in the city.

Caps with union label; Byrns.

W. S. Byrns, principal of the Alexander schools, spent Sunday here.

John Kumle and family spent Sunday with relatives in Springfield.

Miss Eleanor Thompson left Sunday for a week's vacation in Astoria.

Mrs. Charles Hayes, Mrs. M. Mank and Miss E. Noolin, of Decatur, spent Sunday with friends here.

Suspenders, union label; Byrns.

John DeEnlow, formerly of this city, but now of Springfield, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Miss Emma Stubblefield, of Alexander, has returned after a week's visit with Mrs. M. A. Riley.

Mrs. B. D. Duckett, of Springfield, has returned home after a week's visit at the home of Mrs. Albert Duckett.

Miss Louise Young will leave tonight for Montreal, Canada, where she has an excellent position as teacher for this winter.

Harlington Wood, of Petersburg, after a visit in this city, left Sunday to visit friends in Chapin and vicinity.

John Devlin, who has been working for some time in Winchester, returned home Saturday in order to attend the Labor day demonstration with his union.

M. Mallory, who has been attending William Strawn, of Alexander, who is seriously ill, for several weeks, spent Sunday with his family here. He reports Mr. Strawn's condition a trifle better.

Ward Newman, Thomas Butler, Frank Spencer, Miss Leah Cassell and Harold Brook are among the members of last year's graduating class of the high school who will enter Illinois college this fall.

Miss Clara Knollenberg presided at the organ at the First Baptist church Sunday, supplying the place of Mrs. Lottie Greeleaf, who has not yet returned from her summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Garrett and daughter, who have been guests at the home of John A. Ayers, will leave to morrow for Baldwin, Kans. Mr. Garrett has recently returned from a trip to Nova Scotia.

Wanted, at once, by L. C. and R. E Henry, a firstclass saleslady and maker.

COLORADO RIVER GOLD AND COPPER COMPANY.

An opportunity for investment is now offered to his old friends by W. O. Dresback in the Colorado River Gold and Copper company. This is a MINE and is now being worked, taking out ore of HIGH VALUES. Two true fissure veins running parallel with each other for forty-five hundred (4,500) feet. The ore is gold and copper and is smelting ore. The object in offering stock for sale is to pay miners for taking out ore; the ore to be used to pay for a smelter. When the smelter plant is installed there will not be any more stock for sale and the stock will soon be par. THERE IS NO ELEMENT OF RISK in this. We have THE ORE in SIGHT and its value has been assayed by the best assayers in the west; also by the chemist employed by the smelter at Iola, Kan.

By calling at room 10, opera house building, you can see the ore and drafts of the mines.

Daily Journal 10c per week.

SERVICES RESUMED

MINISTERS RETURN AFTER VACATION.

Work of the Churches and Auxiliary Societies -Some Religious Truths by the VariousPastors of the City.

The past month has been one of religious inactivity and pastor and people have been scattered far and wide seeking recreation and refreshment. The ministers of the city who have been away all returned during the week, however, and the various church organizations held their regular services as usual Sunday. As a city Jacksonville is by no means what might be termed church ridden, but the number of religious bodies here represented is in keeping with the growth and population of the city. All of the churches have good memberships and do a live, active and energetic work. In material resources, all the organizations are self-sustaining and give liberally to home and foreign missions and maintain many private charities peculiar to their own denominations. Two of the churches have city missions and thus the members are brought closely in touch with the needs and methods of missionary effort.

The church edifices are many of them stately and imposing and several of them have a seating capacity of 800. The auxiliary societies, conducted largely by the women, connected with the churches render material assistance in the work of maintaining the social unity of the organization and along missionary lines their work is of a most practicable and personally helpful character.

The Sunday schools are conducted under the leadership of efficient superintendents and every effort is made to impress upon the mind of the younger generation the value and deep significance of religious truth.

The Y. M. C. A. is an institution of great good to the city and has a capable general secretary in charge, who is covering a wide field. Especial attention is made to reach the boys and this department of association work is prosecuted vigorously.

The Salvation Army regularly conduct open air meetings in Central park and indoor meetings at their barracks on East College street. W. C. T. U. and rescue home work is by no means neglected, while the recent appointment of probation officers by the county court will cause a closer supervision over the care and treatment of juvenile offenders and should have the same wholesome effect here that the same system has had elsewhere.

As a city Jacksonville has ever been noted for its educational institutions and the vigorous manner in which religious truth was emphasized and given forceable presentation.

No words of commendation need be said for the clergymen of the city, as the results of their work is their best eulogy. They are without exception an earnest, conscientious body of men devoted to the high calling of their profession.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Services were resumed yesterday by the regular pastors in the following churches: Congregational, First Baptist, Grace M. E., Christian, Centenary, State Street and Westminster.

At the Congregational church in the morning the quarterly communion service was held and the pastor, Rev. R. O. Post, spoke from the text found in the sixth chapter of the book of John, "I am the bread of life." He told of the deep significance of the communion table and how rich in meaning and spiritual uplift its celebration should be to the Christian believer. In the evening the usual discourse was presented.

The music for the coming year will be in charge of Mr. Robert Hockenhull and Mrs. E. F. Bullard will be the organist.

Westminster church—At the Westminster church the usual services were held and the pastor, Rev. C. M. Brown, preached two helpful and suggestive sermons to large congregations. Hugh S. Weston will be in charge of the music during the coming year. Arrangements are still pending regarding the choir.

Grace church—Services at Grace M. E. church were held in the Sunday school room yesterday, owing to the repairs that are in progress in the main auditorium. The pastor, Dr. H. H. Oneal, conducted service both morning and evening and his discources were delivered in an intensely earnest style were upon timely topics. Miss Phoebe Kreider is in charge of the music and J. Philip Read presides at the organ.

State Street—The pastor, Dr. A. B. Morey, preached in the morning from the subject, "The Supremacy of Christianity." Text John 6-68. In the evening his theme was "The Controlling Forces of the World." Text, Romans 6-13. Both sermons were thoughtfully prepared and well delivered. Professor Stead has charge of the music at State Street church and will also play the organ.

Baptist church—Services were resumed as usual by the pastor, Rev. T. H. Marsh. The morning theme was "Knowing by Doing," and in the evening the sermon was from the text "If any man will do his will he shall know of his doctrine." Large audiences were present both morning and evening. The church organist and chorister is Mrs. Lottie Greenleaf.

A. M. E. church—Services were held by the pastor, Rev. W. A. Moore as usual. Subject of morning sermon, "Sun and Moon Obey." Mrs. M. L. Kirk is organist and A. J. Jones is in charge of the choir.

German M. E.—Rev. Wm. Balcke, the pastor, preached two discourses. In the morning his subject was "Benevolence" and in the evening he spoke of the "Benefits of the Old People's Home."

Centenary M. E.—The pastor, Rev. A. L. T. Ewert, preached morning and evening two very interesting and helpful sermons and his congregations were large. The church organist is Miss Elizabeth Mathers and Miss Aisile Goodrick has charge of the choir.

Mt. Emory Baptist—The pastor, Rev. H. H. DeWitt, returned Sunday morning from the meeting of the Wood River association, where he was re-elected moderator. At the evening service he gave a full report of the meeting of the association. The music of the church is in charge of Mr. Ellis Moore.

Portuguese church—The pastor, Rev. Roger F. Cressey, preached in the morning a sermon appropriate to workingmen on the subject, "Some Suggestive Facts for Labor Day." The usual evening service was also held. Mr. Edward Marks is in charge of the chorus choir and Miss Lenora Fernandes is the organist.

In so far as possible the ministers of the city were asked yesterday to contribute some religious truth tersely expressed and many of them very generously responded as follows:

The Problem of Life—The problem of the true life is simplized into this: Keep yourself in the right position. Don't worry. Don't fret. Don't be afraid. Abide in Christ and keep still. God creates, man utilizes. God gives the wind, the water, the heat; man puts his sail in the way of the wind, fixes his wheel in the way of the river, places the piston where the steam can play upon it, and lo! the miracle is done. So we keep ourselves in position before the powers of the spiritual world, and we become as trees planted by the river, whose leaf is green and whose fruits never fail.—Dr. H. H. Oneal.

Y. M. C. A.—During the summer months the meetings were held on the public square, but hereafter they will all be in the association rooms. The general secretary led the men's meeting Sunday and spoke upon the subject, "The Strenuous Life," and among other things said: "We are carrying the spirit of such a life into Christianity and in place of giving ourselves for the betterment of mankind we strive to get all for self." He urged every active member to live every day so as to make this world better and thus fulfill the great command of our Master. Sept. 27th will be Bible rally ay and Rev. Mr. McCoy will speak.

Efficacy of Christ: How are the mighty fallen in the midst of battel. To Him I owe the strongest love and the strongest grief of my heart. He was worth more to me than words can express. His character and spiritual worth are a living monument, admired by men and angels—Rev. W. A. Moore.

Life's Work: The great work of life is self discovery and recovery. So many are not conscious of themselves. They are deceived not by others but by themselves. Samson failed to discover himself. What a failure the big fellow was. What a magnificent man he might have been. Judas discovered himself but too late to recover himself. Alas, how sad was his end. Peter both discovered and recovered himself in time to live and die for God—Rev. A. L. T. Ewert.

The Sceptic: It is not easy to be a sceptic. One must choke back his best and deepest feelings, and trample on his tenderest longings before he can get himself to say there is no God, no heaven, no hereafter, no sin and no need of salvation. He may shun duty and fly from responsibility, but the act of so flying involves the heaviest responsibility. It is a very great act to confess Christ. It is an act that often decides all other acts, but not to confess Him tells most fearfully against you. The difficulties on that side are beyond our description—Dr. A. B. Morey.

Love's Requirements: Love holds four requirements. Its border lands read: "With all thy mind. With all thy soul. With all thy mind. With all thy strength." Here are the limits and the four corners thereof. The heart love is a whole hearted service. It is the extreme of a half hearted. Soul love is the ego acting—the real self—the life principle in love toward Christ. Mind love is the intellect not only believing in God, but loving of that belief and its devotion to service. Strength love is the energy and activity of life devoted to God. What, then is the measure of its fulfillment. Let me illustrate. I sat in the office of a friend. He told me of his wife and family soourning in a distant place. His morning mail was thown upon his desk. Out of the many letters he selected one. It was the letter of his child. He read it, put it aside. Read several business letters that were in his correspondence. Then re-read the child's letter. A second time he turned to his business correspondence. A third time he read his child's letter, then kissed it, tears filling his eyes. He said: "I love that child." There was a love of the whole heart, the whole soul, the whole mind, the entire strength. Even after this manner should God be loved. This keeps the great commandment. This makes the greatest Christians.—Dr. Charles M. Brown.

The Infallible Guide—The divine system of religion is as complete as the system of nature. Everything in it is adapted for its purposes, and every genuine want of humanity is provided for. The perfection of the natural order is a sign that there is a perfect provision for our supernatural requirements if we care to look for it. God does not give His children a stone for bread; He does not render His highest gifts nugatory by leaving them incomplete. Religion, like the civil order, is a visibile organization of men subject to wordly conditions, and it needs an outward machinery of government. As in the state, a paper constitution, however excellent, is worthless, unless connected with a living, active organism. Experience has shown that the written word of God, when divorced from the rest of the divine system, speaks with an uncertain sound that conveys contradictory meanings to different minds, and that it has never yet welded men into a solid unity such as Christ declared His kingdom to be. What a sham is a revelation which no two men understand alike, a legal code which has no judicial court to explain, dispense, enforce it, a kingdom which has no administrative head, a corporate body which has no common idea or joint action! It would be unworthy of Him who said, "I will not leave you orphans; I will come to you" (John 14:18), that He should leave us to be "tossed to and fro, and carried about with every wind of doctrine" (Eph. 4:14) and dependent as to our highest interests, on the vacillations of human opinions.—Fr. Formaz.

BASE BALL
Labor Day at West Side Park. Game called at 3 p. m.

WATCH AND CHAIN MISSING.

Miss Dora Moore, who has just returned from a few weeks' visit in Michigan, had her gold watch and chain, which was left in her room, 420 East State street, stolen during her absence. The articles were left in a jewelry case and were not missed until Saturday, when Miss Moore, who is a professional nurse, had need of her watch for her work at Passavant hospital.

THE WOMAN'S COLLEGE.

Enrollment day is Tuesday, Sept. 15. President Harker is at home every day, and is glad to talk with parents or young women about school work. Professor Stead will be at the college daily from 9 to 12. Those who wish time with special teachers should arrange early.

NOTICE.

The parties who stole the gold watch and chain from the room of Miss Dora Moore during her absence are known and unless the same is returned to 420 East State street prosecutions will follow.

Wanted—Second hand school books at Ledferd's.

THE PROPER TREATMENT FOR A SPRAINED ANKLE.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle and it is usually two or three months before he has fully recovered. This is an unnecessary loss of time, for in many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time and in some cases within three days. For sale by all druggists.

Men's Fine Clothing.

Correct Styles for Fall and Winter are Now Ready.

We announce the arrival of our carefully chosen lines of the new styles for Fall and Winter Suits, Trousers and Overcoats, comprising the largest and most complete line of men's fine apparel we have ever shown,

The Woolens of which these garments are made were selected from the best English, Scotch and American productions

The Patterns were chosen with greatest care from the newest and most approved designs.

We Fit Men of Almost Every Proportion.

... Raincoats ...

Priestley's, Cravenette, Hart, Schaffner & Marx, L'Aiglon and other makes, guaranteed waterproof. They serve for a light overcoat as well.

$10.00 to $20.00

BROOK & STICE

12 West Side Square.

A Great Event in CARPETS

Commencing September 2nd, we will place on sale for Five Days Only



A splendid assortment of Richardson's Superlative Carpets from sample, consisting of Tapestry, Body Brussels, Velvets, borders to match. Also we are making the following special prices on

Union ingrains	35c to 47½c
All wool filling super ingrains	45c to 58c
Two-ply, all wool, best ingrains	58c to 75c
Two-ply all wool, good ingrains	45c to 62½c
Tapestry Brussels	65c to 95c
Heavy Wilton velvets ingrains	98c to $1.25

DON'T LET THIS OPPORTUNITY SLIP.

Johnson, Hackett & Guthrie.

O. K. STORE.

The Greatest Lot of Silks

IN THIS PART OF THE STATE,

Owing to the present great popularity of Silks as dress materials we have added to our already large silk stock **over $3,000 worth of choicest styles and qualities in reliable silks.** There is not a yard of shoddy silk in the entire lot, nothing out the brightest and best grade of goods. If you need silks for linings or trimmings, for whole dresses or separate skirts, for shirt waist or evening gowns, for fancy work or draperies, in fact, if you have a silk want of any kind come and inspect this great lot of silks.

Black Taffeta Silks At Substantial Saving.

19-inch extra strong pure silk taffeta, casily a 65c value, for 50c yd.

27-inch splendid black taffeta, "wear guaranteed" stamped on selvage of each yard; special, 75c yard.

Yard wide taffeta (full 36 inches) with our guarantee stamped on the edge; special, 98c yard.

Rich Black Dress Silks, For Coats. Skirts and Suits.

19-inch peau de soie, pure silk; 95c value for 75c yard.

27.00 black Faille Francaise, reduced to 75c yard.

22-inch extra quality black gros grain silks, $1.00 yard.

24-inch black liberty satins, usually $1.25; here for 95c yard.

$1.25 back armure, very popular for coats, an extra value, $1.00 yd.

Black Louisine, 21inch, soft, strong and bright, 75c yard.

24-inch black peau de soie, worth $1.45 a yard, for $1.12½.

EXTRA SPECIAL

This week only, our regular $2.00 rich black peau de soie, not over one pattern to a customer, for $1.48 yd.

Attractive prices on Colored Silks,

Not Job Lots but first qualities.

Changeable peau de cygnes; 75c quality for 49c yard.

24-inch waist silks, changeable with white stripes, 75c yard.

Glace taffetas, extra strong for petticoats, 59c yard.

Fancy stripes and figures, beautiful colors for waists, 49c yard.

Jacquard Louisines and small checked taffetas, for shirt waist suits, $1.00 silks for 75c yard.

30 shades of plain 90c taffetas; our price 75c yard.

75c drapery silks, beautiful new patterns, 50c yard.

The Black and Colored Velvets.

More used this fall than ever before. tylish metal printed velvets, plain shades in fine silk velvets, new corduroys and velveteens, extra qualities in black velours for coats.

New Fall Dress Goods!

Great showing of new fall Dress Weaves this week at moderate prices and thoroughly first class qualities. A few interesting bargains that will bring you to

FLORETH'S

this week for your early fall dress or dresses for school children.

44-inch all wool cheviots, good range of staple colors

48c

48-inch zibeline and fancy mixtures.

48c

50-inch brilliantean in navy, brown, grey, red and black

50c

46 in Special

brilliantean in either blue or black ground, with white woven dot

50c

36-inch black guaranteed taffeta silk.

$1.15

Great showing of new fall dress skirts that are exceptionally good values, $2.50, $3.50 and

$4.98

... MILLINERY ...

Early Fall Millinery in great variety at our Low Cash Dry Goods Prices.

O. K. STORE.

F. J. WADDELL & CO. 9 W. Side Square

MICE MADE TO WORK.

Colony of Tiny Creatures Compelled by Thrifty Scot to Earn Their Living.

Thrift is generally acknowledged to be one of the leading characteristics of the natives of Fifeshire, and it never was more forcibly exemplified than in the person of David Hutton, a native of Dumfermline, who actually proved that even mice, those acknowledged pests of mankind, could be made not only to earn their own living, but also to yield a respectable income to their owners, says the Edinburgh Statesman.

About the year 1820 this gentleman actually erected a small mill at Dumfermline for the manufacture of thread—a mill worked entirely by mice. It was while visiting Perth prison in 1812 that Mr. Hutton first conceived this remarkable idea of utilizing mouse power. In an old pamphlet of the time, "The Curiosity Coffee-Room," he gave an account of the way in which the idea dawned on him.

"In the summer of the year 1812," he wrote: "I had occasion to be in Perth, and when inspecting the toys and trinkets that were manufactured by the French prisoners in the depot there my attention was involuntarily attracted by a litle toyhouse with a wheel in the gable of it that was running rapidly round, impelled by the insignificant gravity of a common house mouse. For one shilling I purchased house, mouse and wheel. Inclosing it in a handkerchief on my journey homeward, I was compelled to contemplate its favorite amusement. But how to apply half-ounce power (which is the weight of a mouse) to a useful purpose was the difficulty. At length the manufacturing of sewing thread seemed the most practicable."

Mr. Hutton had one mouse that ran the amazing distance of 18 miles a day, but he proved that an ordinary mouse could run 10½ miles on an average. A halfpenny's worth of oatmeal was sufficient for its support for 35 days, during which it ran 736 half-miles. He had actually two mice constantly employed in the making of sewing thread for more than a year. The mouse threadmill was so constructed that the common house mouse was enabled to make atonement to society for past offenses by twisting, twining and reeling from 100 to 120 threads a day, Sundays not excepted.

To perform this task the little pedestrian had to run 10½ miles, and this journey it performed with ease every day. A halfpenny's worth of oatmeal served one of these threadmill culprits for the long period of five weeks. In that time it made 3,350 threads of 25 inches, and as a penny was paid to women for every hank made in the ordinary way the mouse, at that rate, earned nine pence every six weeks, just one farthing a day, or seven shillings six pence a year. Taking sixpence off for board and allowing one shilling for machinery, there was a clear yearly profit from each mouse of six shillings.

Mr. Hutton firmly intended to apply for the loan of the empty cathedral in Dunfermline, which would have held, he calculated, 10,000 mouse mills, sufficient rooms being left for keepers and some hundreds of spectators. Death, however, overtook the inventor before this marvelous project could be carried out.

ELECTRICITY IN THE BODY.

Certain Forms of Muscular Rheumatism Said to Be Caused by the Fluid.

It may strike you as rather strange to be told that at times your body is nothing less than a dynamo, fully charged with electricity. Nevertheless, according to Sir James Grant, an eminent English physician, as a result of sudden draughts, and the contraction of ordinary colds, the human body becomes charged with electricty to a surprising degree.

The electricity generated under such circumstances is not to be despised, says a writer in the Detroit Tribune. It is of just as good a quality as that derived from the regular electric battery, although, of course, its quantity is too insignificant to be utilized for any practical purpose.

The main effect upon the victim is to make his muscles hard and tense, a fact which often leads him to imagine that he is suffering from some kind of muscular rheumatism. Indeed, physicians, after a superficial examination, sometimes diagnose the case in the same way. The trouble, however, is simply that the muscles have become charged with electricty to an unusual degree.

No less strange than the ailment itself is the remedy adopted by Sir James Grant some years ago, and now followed by many other physicians. Sir James has been in the habit of treating these supposed cases of muscular rheumatism by inserting fine steel needles into the affected parts, the number of needles depending upon the extent of the ailment. The needles, as a general rule, are inserted in the places where the pain is most intense, and are left there for one or two minutes. The effect is magical. At the expiration of the proper time the patient finds that his muscles, which before were as hard and as tense as though he had "caught a cramp," are quite flexible, and he can use them without pain.

The reason of this cure is simple. As soon as the needles are inserted, the electrical accumulation is discharged, passing through the body of the operator, although without causing him any discomfort.

Facts and Figures.

Tom—I had my fortune told the other day and my fiancee broke off the engagement.

Jack—Why, is she a believer in such nonsense?

"Nonsense nothing! It was told her by a mercantile agency."—Chicago Daily News.

FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

Odd Bits of Information Gleaned from Various Domestic Authorities.

A tablespoonful of lemon juice added to the water in which rice is boiling is said to aid in making the rice whiter and keeping the grains separate.

To frost a bathroom window dissolve epsom salts with vinegar, apply to the glass with a brush and when dry give it a coating of white varnish.

Stop cracks in a wall with plaster of paris, but mix the plaster with vinegar, not with water, for vinegar prevents its setting too quickly and makes it easy of manipulation.

Tar on cotton fabrics can be removed by covering the spots with butter and allowing it to remain for some hours before the garment is washed. The fresher the stain the more easily will it come out.

To prevent the juice running out of a fruit pie make a roll or tube of clean white paper and stand it upright through the crust. This will let the steam escape and prevent the juice from boiling over.

To keep a rubber plant in condition it must have plenty of earth, plenty of water and a shower bath once a week. When it has dried, after this bath, wipe the leaves and sponge them with milk; this treatment acts as food, as well as making them rich and glossy. A rubber plant should have plenty of light, but no direct sunshine, and care should be taken to prevent the water from standing in the pot; keep the ground moist, but do not soak the roots with standing water.

To set the color in black stockings, tights, etc., place the garments in a solution formed of one gallon of warm water to two tablespoonfuls of beef gall. Let them remain till the water is cold, squeeze, shake and dry out of the sun. Do not use a wringer. Another way of treating black stockings (cotton) is to wash them in warm soapsuds and rinse in water of the same temperature, to which a little vinegar has been added. This has the effect of mercerizing the stockings so that they will keep their color till worn out.

Here is a hint for the possessors of lace collars. When you desire to clean the collar, put some shaved soap into boiling water and drop in the lace, stirring it around until the dirt is out of it. Add to a teacupful of hot water one teaspoonful of gum arabic; dip the lace in this, squeeze partly dry and smooth out, pinning down each point and corner on a board covered with muslin. When dry, the collar will be found to look as good as new. This suggestion will be of service to owners of the large cape collars now so fashionable, which defy amateur efforts in the way of "doing up."

Before a new print goes into the tub set the colors. The way of doing that depends on the colors. For green, blue, pinkish purple, mauve and aniline reds, soak ten minutes in alum water, using four ounces of alum to a tub of water. For the madder tints, soak in sugar of lead solution—an ounce of the salt to a gallon of water. For black, black and white, grays and deep purples, dissolve a handful of coarse salt in a tub of water and soak about seven minutes. Some blacks are made fresher and more permanent by putting strong black pepper tea into the first suds. It is best to try the color of anything by wetting a small piece in the various solutions, and using that from which it comes out brightest.

FALL GOWNS AND COATS.

Coming Styles Distinctly Different from Those in Vogue a Year Ago.

Some of the new gowns are extremely interesting on account of their new sleeves and their new jackets. It is the custom at nice seashore places and mountain resorts for the women to reserve a dress or two until late in the season to be brought out fresh, just when everybody else is wearing gowns that are faded from wear all the season, reports the Brooklyn Eagle.

Recent gowns worn at Newport show the most beautiful little shoulder capes, cut as deep as the shoulders, with long, wide stoles that come down below the belt. These stoles are embroidered and, instead of hanging straight, some of them are turned back and thrown over the shoulders.

Again there are the Norfolk jackets, which are made of taffeta. They are not strictly Norfolks, for they are long er in the front than in the back, and the box plaits are stitched flat. They are belted, but the belt, which is run through strappings of silk, is very loose and is pushed down low in the front.

It is certain that one of the sensations of the year will be sprung when the fall coats are displayed, for they will be distinctly different from the coats of a year ago.

The long coat was certainly an innovation and such a popular one that it has grown in grace from year to year until now it is a necessity with young and old, with those who dress a great deal and those who do not dress at all.

It must be admitted that the coats of autumn threaten to be rather loose, but one is becoming accustomed to the loose flowing lines.

Pretty Peaches.

Serve at dessert fair, large peaches, one to each person, laid upon a vine leaf in the middle of a glass plate, and accompanied by a fruit knife, fruit napkin and glass nappie containing sherry sirup. The peaches are to be pared, cut in delicate long slices, and either dipped into the sirup as eaten, or dropped in it together, and eaten afterward. To make the sherry sirup, put a pound of best lump sugar and one dozen peach kernels in a glass jar, cover an inch deep with good sherry, and set in the sun, stirring occasionally until the sugar dissolves.—Good Housekeeping.

SELECT RED-SKINNED WIVES.

American Army Officers Who Have Linked Their Lives with Those of Squaws.

It is announced from Fort Leavenworth that the government is taking notice of army officers who married Filipino girls after the loose fashion of the islands and then abandoned them. The particular case is one in which a young officer became engaged to a Leavenworth girl. It was known that this officer had lived with a Filipino girl near Manila after some sort of a marriage ceremony. The Leavenworth girl is said to have no objections to the facts in the case and will marry her lover when he gets a divorce from his Filipino wife, states the Kansas City Journal.

However, there is nothing particularly new in the revelations with respect to "morganatic" marriages by United States army officers. Before the civil war it was almost the customary thing for officers stationed in Oregon or Washington Territory to consort with Indian girls. At Tacoma or Seattle the visitor often has pointed out to him half-breeds who bear the names of some of the most distinguished of civil war generals and who are known to be the sons or daughters of these officers. It is explained that when these officers were young lieutenants they were stationed in the wilds of the northeast far from the society of women of their own kind; that they needed housekeepers; that it was the custom of the region for white men to consort with Indian maidens; that, according to Indian standards, there was nothing wrong about it and that from every standpoint it was advantageous to the girl taken for a temporary wife.

At the little town of Puyallup, ten miles from Tacoma, there are two fine-looking men who bear the name of a general who for a long time was at the head of the quartermaster's department of the United States army. These men are the sons of the general. He married their mother, a Puyallup Indian, when he was a lieutenant and stationed at the Puyallup Indian agency long before the civil war. In later years he married an American woman in the far east and reared a family. But he did not abandon his family on the Pacific coast. His sons were taken east and put through one of the leading colleges. He frequently visited them and openly acknowledged them. On one occasion, at least, he was accompanied by his American wife, who seemed to know the circumstances and to have accepted them philosophically. His Indian wife lived for some years after he had married his American spouse, though he never visited her. But old-timers about Tacoma will tell the visitor how he made her old age comfortable while caring as a father should for the sons of their marriage.

THE SHOWY VENETIANS.

Pleasure-Loving People Are Gaudy in Their Tastes and Sacrifice Comfort to Display.

The Venetian people of to-day are coarse and gaudy in their tastes, pleasure-loving, admiring display, even curtailing their meager diet in order to obtain some fondly desired article of showy attire, says a London newspaper. The food of the present-day Venetian is of a nature that does not appeal to the effete western palate. It consists largely in fried eels, fish, polenta (a species of yellow Indian meal) cake, broth made from scrap meat refused by the sausage makers, roast pumpkins and chestnuts. A specially coveted delicacy is made of clotted poultry blood, fried with slices of onion.

The aristocrats sip their coffee and absorb their ices in the cafes on the plaza of St. Mark, which is really a huge open-air drawing room for every one in the city. Coffee drinking goes on all day, from early morn till dewy eve, and there is no time during the 24 hours when the acrid odors of the roasting berry does not penetrate the reluctant nose of the tourist.

Every traveler who has visited this interesting spot has seen the famous lion of St. Mark, who once more reposes at his former distinguished altitude on a pillar in front of the church of that name. As all the world knows, the lion is the particular symbol of St. Mark the Evangelist, patron of Venice. The Venetian lion has a knowing countenance, as becomes his high estate, and rests one paw on an open copy of the Holy Book. When Napoleon II. during his conquest of Italy visited Venice he removed many of her most valued antiquities and relics to Paris, among them the lion. After the fall of the empire these spoils were restored to their rightful owners, but unfortunately during his travels the lion had relaxed his grasp on the Book, which was lost. A new copy was at once supplied him, and now only an expert can detect the difference. St. Mark's lion, constant companion of the Evangelist, and the Gospels are supposed to be contemporaneous, a fact which caused a celebrated wit to inquire whether the recent copy now resting under the lion's paw was not the latest revised edition.

Lightning's Queer Prank.

In the state of Maine lightning has been playing pranks in a way to startle the inhabitants. Two miles above Norridgewock, in a clearing on the west bank of the river, stood a tall pine, from a limb of which some years ago a student of the Eaton school hanged himself. When the woodsmen came that way afterward they cut down all the other pines, but spared the suicide tree, as it has been known. One night a bolt of lightning stripped from the tree every branch except that from which the student hanged himself, and which is identified by a notch cut where the rope was fastened. A little way off the lightning cut a deep and narrow channel through the center of a great flat rock on the river bank, as neatly as stone cutters could have done it.



CLEWS' LETTER.

New York, Sept. 5, 1903.

Several sources of anxiety on the stock exchange are either disappearing or have become much less acute than at any time this year. Among these are the monetary outlook, the crop situation, the supply of undigested securities, the labor agitation, and the cotton corner. It is perfectly correct to say that all of these problems are much less perplexing to day than at any time since their creation, and the probability is that the distrust which they have engendered will gradually disappear in the absence of further unfavorable developments. Reactionary forces have already led to some recovery, undue despondency is passing away and values are gradually rising to a level more commensurate with present conditions. Speculative activity continunes limited, partly because of holidays and partly because confidence is not fully restored, but chiefly because the market leaders are not yet prepared for an aggressive campaign. Many of the large operators are still absent, and those who control big lending institutions very properly wish to see a satisfactory outcome of money and crop uncertainties before withdrawing their restraint upon market operations. Such restraint certainly exists, and so long as such power is conservatively exercised the community at large will benefit.

The money outlook is much better than anticipated a few months ago. Crop demands are now commencing and will expand for some weeks to come. The west may be better able to finance the crop than usual, but the drain upon New York will nevertheless have to be faced, and from now on no surprise need be expressed at declining reserves. While the reserve is not large, it is about double that of this period for the last two years. Speculative requirements have been much reduced and the willingness of the secretary of the treasury to deposit $40,000,000 of internal revenue receipts in an emergency makes the monetary prospect reasonably assuring. A further source of relief is Europe's readiness to renew her credits to good American borrowers, thus leaving lenders here more freedom in providing for home requirements. Mercantile borrowers need have no alarm. The banks are sure to give ample accommodation to all legitimate mercantile wants, and though rates are likely to be high no inconvenience need be anticipated in this quarter, especially as many merchants are pursuing a hand-to-mouth policy as a simple matter of prudence. In fact, the conservative spirit displayed in all classes of business operations is likely to materially relieve the pressure upon the money market and ultimately strengthen the general situation. Later on we should be importing gold in payment for our agricultural products, for which we are certain of a good demand during the next six months at profitable prices. In short, there is now little, if any, cause for anxiety concerning the money market for the remainder of the year, the worst that can happen from present indications being temporary flurries when the currency movements or dividend preparations are at their climax.

Concerning the crop outlook there is little change. Two weeks more and the bulk of the corn crop will be out of danger of frost. As we have stated in previous advices, this is not going to be a year of large crops, but no serious deficiencies are to be expected, and a good demand at profitable prices is assured for nearly all agricultural products, the beneficial effect of which upon general business need not be enlarged upon. Another source of anxiety in this connection that seems to have practically disappeared is the cotton corner. This movement appears to have been an exception to the rule of failure in corners, and its managers are understood to have closed out the bulk of their holdings at handsome profits and to be in no danger by carrying what remians.

The supply of undigested securities, which has long been a menace to the market, has, of course, not been eliminated, but it must be remembered that many of these are now selling nearer their intrinsic value than at any time since their creation, and the borrowings against them having been largely diminished by liquidation they are much less of a danger than formerly. Industry is feeling the effect of high priced materials and the advances in wages granted during the last two years. A good many enterprises involving fixed outlays of capital are consequently postponed and railroads are already delaying improvements wherever possible until costs can be reduced. It is significant that during the last fiscal year 159 railroads, with a mileage of 185,000 miles, showed an increase of $50,000 in gross earnings during the year, or 11 per cent, while net earnings in the same period gained only $19,000,000, or about 10 per cent this change being almost entirely attributable to the increased cost of labor and its effect upon materials.

HENRY CLEWS.

OWES HIS LIFE TO A NEIGHBOR'S KINDNESS.

Mr. D. P. Daugherty, well known throughout Mercer and Sumner counties, W. Va., most likely owes his life to the kindness of a neighbor. He was almost hopelessly afflicted with diarrhoea; was attended by two physicians, who gave him little, if any, relief, when a neighbor, learning of his serious condition, brought him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which cured him in less than twenty-four hours. For sale by all druggists.

For comfort, good service and low rates patronize the Nickel Plate road. Good road bed, splendidly equipped trains and first class dining car service, meals being served on American club plan, ranging in price from 35c to $1.00; also service a la carte. Three through trains daily, in each direction. Rates always the lowest. No excess fare on any train on that line. Chicago ticket office, 111 Adams St. Depot, LaSalle street station, corner VanBuren and LaSalle streets, on the elevated loop.

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

Itching Piles produce moisture and cause itching, this form, as well as Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles are cured by Dr. Bo-san-ko's Pile Remedy. Stops itching and bleeding. Absorbs tumors. 50c a jar at druggists, or sent by mail. Treatise free. Write me about your case. Dr. Bosanko, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by Lee P. Allcott.

A TEXAS WONDER.

HALL'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

One bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist will be sent by mail on receipt of $1. One small bottle is two months treatment and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. For sale by J. A. Obermeyer City drug store.

READ THIS.

Jacksonville, Ill., Sept. 25, 1902.—Nearly three years ago, with a second attack of serious illness, I was surprised to learn that I had diabetes. Providentially I was led to procure a bottle of Dr. E. W. Hall's Specific for Kidney and Bladder Troubles, known as A TEXAS WONDER. Less than half of the $1 bottle effected a complete and permanent cure. Consequently I believe it to be a medicine of very great value. L. B. Kent, Evangelist.

WANTED—50 MEN AND WOMEN

To Take Advantage of Special Offer Made by Hatch.

Hatch, the enterprising druggist, is advertising to day for fifty men and women to take advantage of the special half price offer they are making on Dr. Howard's celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia, and get a 50 cent package at haf price, 25 cents.

So positive are they of the remarkable power of this specific to cure these diseases, as well as sick headaches and liver troubles that they agree to refund the money to any customer whom this medicine does not quickly relieve and cure.

With Dr. Howard's specific at hand, you can eat what you want and have no fear of ill consequences. It will strenghten the stomach, give perfect digestion, regulate the bowels, create an appetite and make life worth the living

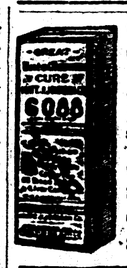
This is an unusual opportunity to obtain 60 doses of the best medicine ever made for half its regular price, with the personal guarantee of a well known business man to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

If you cannot call at Hatch's store to day, send 25 cents by mail, and they will send you a package promptly charges paid

Avoid serious results of kidney or bladder disorder by taking Foley's Kidney Cure. A. J. Obermeyer, City drug store.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents per bottle.



The Horrible Tortures of Rheumatism can be overcome and the dreaded disease expelled from your system by the use of

MATT. J. JOHNSON'S 6088

For Sale and Guaranteed Only By

LEE P. ALLCOTT, Druggist.

SHERWOOD MUSIC SCHOOL

A superior school of Music, Drama, Languages. Under direct supervision of William H. Sherwood, the great American Pianist. Leading Musicians and Artists in all departments.

MUSICAL DIRECTORS

William H. Sherwood — Walter Spry
Arthur Beresford — Mrs. Genevieve Clark-Wilson
Mrs. Stacey Williams — Daniel Protheroe
Adolph Rosenbecker — Wm. Apmadoc
Rossiter G. Cole — Mme. Ida Serven, School of Drama

For neatly illustrated booklet write
LOUIS EVANS, Manager, 703 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

Keeley Cure — For Drunkenness and Drug Using. Please write us. Correspondence confidential. THE PARENT INSTITUTE, DWIGHT, ILL.
Private Colonial Cottages for Ladies Under Medical Care.

JACKSONVILLE & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

	Pass. No. 2	Pass. No. 4.	Mixed.
Lv. J'ksonville.	3:30 pm	7:05 am	5:00 pm
Ar. Franklin....	3:55 pm	7:30 am	5:40 pm
Waverly	4:08 pm	7:43 am	6:10 pm
Virden	4:36 pm	8:09 am	7:40 pm
Girard	4:46 pm	8:19 am	
Barnett	5:16 pm	8:49 am	
Litchfield	5:27 pm	9:00 am	
Sorento	6:12 pm		
Smithboro	6:56 pm		
Shattuc	7:41 pm		
Centralia	7:56 pm		

Via Wabash Railway:

Lv. Litchfield..	5:21 pm	9:02 am	7:05 pm
Edw'dsville Jc.	6:15 pm	10:06 am	7:58 pm
Granite City ..		10:31 am	8:24 pm
E. St. Louis ...		10:48 am	8:42 pm
Ar. St. Louis ...	7:03 pm	11:08 am	9:00 pm

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 connect with C., P. & St. L. Ry. at Waverly. Train No. 4 connects with Q. C. & St. L. Ry. at Barnett for points west. Trains Nos. 2 and 4 at Litchfield with all lines diverging. Train No. 2 at Sorento with T., St. L. & W. Ry., at Smithboro with T., H. & I. Ry., at Shattuc with B. & O. S. W. Ry., and at Centralia with all lines diverging.

All trains daily except Sundays.

J acksonville, Ill.
GEO. W. DYE, G. P. A.,

CHICAGO & ALTON RY.

TIME TABLE

Corrected to Sunday, July 26, 1903—Subject to change without notice.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

NORTH BOUND.

*No. 10. Chicago vestibuled limited 2:58 am
*No. 12. Atlantic express.....6:00 am
†No. 4. Chicago express 1:12 pm
*No. 11. Chicago and Peoria ex... 4:38 pm

WEST BOUND.

*No. 11. Kansas City express..... 5:43 am
*No. 13. Kansas City day express.10:06 am
†No. 3, Roodhouse accommodation. 5:35 pm
*No. 7. K. C., Col. & Cal. limited.11:47 pm

JACKSONVILLE AND PEORIA TRAINS

Leave Jacksonville*1:38 pm
Arrive Peoria 6:55 pm
Leave Peoria..... *7:35 am 12:00 pm
Arrive Jacksonville..... 10:06 am 5:35 pm

JACKSONVILLE-ST. LOUIS TRAINS.

Lv. J'ksonville. *7:20 am 3:15 pm *11:47 pm
Ar. St. Louis... 10:10 am 6:44 pm 7:44 am
Lv. S t.Louis... *8:12 am 4:36 pm *10:00 pm
Ar. J'ksonville. 11:40 am 8:00 pm 2:58 am

Sunday train leaves St. Louis 6:50 p. m.; arrives Jacksonville 10:15 p. m.

Sunday only for Peoria: Leave Jacksonville, 6 a. m.; arrive Peoria, 9:20 a. m. Leave Peoria, 8:40 p. m.; arrive Jacksonville, 11:47 p. m.

OSCAR L. HILL, Agent, Jacksonville, Ill.

THE CHICAGO, PEORIA & ST LOUIS R R CO.

GOING NORTH.

Peoria and Pekin mail, daily.....7:50 am
Peoria and Pekin express, ex. Sun 4:00 pm
Passenger, Sunday only 5:55 pm
Local freight, ex. Sun.....11:05 am

FROM NORTH.

Peoria and Pekin mail, daily 11:05 am
Peoria and Pekin express, ex. Sun. 6:55 pm
Passenger, Sunday only 9:05 pm
Local freight, ex. Sun..... 6:45 am

The short line to Peoria.

Direct connection at Peoria and Pekin with all diverging lines.

The direct route for Rock Island, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Paul, Minneapolis and all points in the northwest.

Tickets sold to all points in the United States, Mexico and Canada, and baggage checked to destination. Steamship tickets to all foreign lands.

J. G. UPP, Agt., Jacksonville, Ill.
E. A. WILLIAMS, G. P. A., St. Louis.

WABASH

WEST BOUND.

	Leave.
No. 3, daily.....	7:06 a. m.
No. 19, daily (daily except Sunday to Camp Point).....	10:10 a. m.
No. 9, daily	1:43 p. m.
No. 1, daily (daily except Sunday to Keokuk)	6:59 p m.

EAST BOUND.

No. 8, daily	1:20 a. m.
No. 4, daily	8:37 a. m.
No. 20, daily, Decatur accommodation	3:10 p. m
No. 2, daily	8:54 p. m.

For further information, call on T. Rice Smith, Agent Wabash road, Jacksonville, Ill., or address C. S. Crane, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Wabash road, St. Louis; H. V. P. Taylor, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Wabash road, St. Louis, Mo.

"BACK TO OLD"

Ohio Indiana & Kentucky

HOME VISITORS EXCURSIONS

VIA

Big Four Route

TUESDAY, SEPT. 8, '03

PEORIA, ILL., TO

Anderson, Ind ..	$5.00	Indianapolis, Ind.	$5.00
Bellefontaine, O.	7.00	Louisville, Ky ..	7.00
Cincinnati, O ...	7.00	Marion, O	7.50
Columbus, O	7.50	Sandusky, O.	7.50
Dayton, O	7.00	Springfield, O ...	7.00

Correspondingly Low Rates to Other Points on the "BIG FOUR."

ALL TICKETS WILL BE GOOD RETURNING WITHIN 30 DAYS FROM DATE OF SALE.

For further information call on or address
Allen M. Nye, T.P.A., Peoria.

Daily Journal 10 cents a week.

Pure Crystal Ice

Now is the time to arrange for your season's ice.

BARTLETT & SNYDER

Ice plant and office 409 North Main street. Telephones 204.

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!

I will pay the highest prices for all grades of wool. Get my prices before selling, as it will pay you to do so. Also highest prices for hides, tallow, scrap iron and junk.

JACOB COHEN.

BUSINESS CARDS

E. SIPES, M. D.
Physician & Surgeon.
Office and residence, 219 North Church street.
Office hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m.; 1 to 5 p. m.
Illinois 'Phone, 95.

DR. T. A. WAKELY.
Office and Residence, 319 South Main street.
Office Hours—8 to 9 A. M. 1 to 2 P. M. and 6 to 7 P. M.
Telephone Illinois Only 154.

BYRON S. CAILEY, M. D.
Oculist and Aurist State School for the Deaf, Jacksonville, Ill.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
HOURS—9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Other hours by appointment.
Office and residence, 240 West State St., opposite Dunlap House.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
DR. ALBYN L. ADAMS
Oculist and Aurist.
announces the removal of his office to Dr. King's office building (ground floor), 323 West State Street, third door east of Dunlap House, Jacksonville, Ill.

DR. J. ALLMOND BAY,
Suite 10 and 11, Morrison Block, opposite Court House, West State Street.
Medicine and Surgery.
Hours—9 a. m. to 12 m.; 2 to 4 p. m.
Telephones—Bell, red 511; Illinois, 715.

DR. FRANK P. NORBURY.
OFFICE, 420 WEST STATE STREET.
Office telephone, 277.
Hours—10:30 a. m.. to 12 m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Special attention to Diseases of the Chest and Nervous System.
Residence, 1069 West State Street. Telephone 114.

DR. C. W. CORRILL,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office and residence 218½ East State street; office hours 2 to 6 and 7 to 9 p. m. Tel. Illinois 530.

W. B. YOUNG, D. M. D.
Dentist.
Office in Yates building, West State St., opposite postoffice.
JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

DR. EDWARD BOWE.
Office—420 West State St. Telephone, 277.
HOURS—10 to 1; 3 to 5.
Sundays, until 10:30 a. m.

DR. BROCK MAYFIELD
Physician and Surgeon.
Office, 23½ South Side Square. Hours—9 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. Residence, 913 South Main Street. Telephones—Residence, 103; office, 217; barn and office boy, 98½.

DR. C. E. BURKHOLDER,
Physician and Surgeon.
302 WEST COLLEGE AVENUE.
HOURS—10 a m. to 12 m.; 1 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Sundays—9 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 3 p. m.
Telephone, Red 5.

JOSEPHINE MILLIGAN, M. D.
513 WEST STATE STREET.
Office hours—10 a. m. to 12 m.; 4 to 5 p. m.
Telephones—Residence, Main 151; office, Main 275.

VIRGINIE DINSMORE M. D.
Office hours—
9 to 11 a. m.; 3 to 5 p. m.
Telephones—
Bell, 180; Illinois, 180.
352 W. Court St., Jacksonville, Ill.

DR. CARL E. BLACK.
349 East State Street. Telephone 35.
Surgery Passavant Memorial Hospital and Our Savior's Hospital.
Office hours—8 to 9 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. Hospital hours—9 to 12 a. m. Evening and Sundays by appointment.

DR. DAVID REID.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office and residence, 235 West College avenue. Hours 8 to 9 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Both phones.

DR. J. E. WHARTON
Physician and Surgeon.
Office and residence, No. 216 West College Avenue, Jacksonville, Ill.
HOURS—Morning until 8 and 10 to 11. Afternoon, 2 to 4; 5 to 6; 7 to 8. Sundays, 9 to 10; 2 to 3. Telephone, Ill. 101.

DR. L. A. REED.
Dentist.
OFFICE in Morrison Block, opposite Court House. Both 'Phones.

CHARLES HOPPER, DENTIST
Office room 6, Farrell & Co. building. Entrance on West State street.

DR. C. C. COCHRAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Special attention to diseases of women and children.
Office hours, 2 to 6 and 7 to 9. Office and residence, 210 W. College Ave. 'Phone 2724.

DR. A. H. KENNIEBREW,
DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
Office—57½ Public Square, over Herman's millinery store. Residence.
Hours—9-11 a. m., 3-4, 6-7 p. m.
Sunday 10 12 a. m.
'Phones, Illinois, office, 455; residence 558.

HENRY W. ENGLISH,
Attorney at Law,
Office North Side Square
Over Jacksonville National Bank
Jacksonville, Ill.

DR. CHARLES E. SCOTT
Veterinary Surgeon.
Graduate of the Chicago Veterinary college. Treats all diseases of the lower animals. Particular attention to surgery and dentistry. Calls answered promptly. Office at the livery stable of John Cherry & Son, East Court street. Telephones: Office, Bell and Illinois, 189; residence, Bell 161 and Illinois 228.

Drs. Willerton & Thornberrow
Veterinary Surgeons & Dentists
Graduate veterinarians. Treat all domestic animals and charges reasonable. Office and hospital, South East street.
Tel. Bell 1698 or 2508; Ill. 699.

ABRAM WOOD.
(Successor to Wood & Montgomery.)
Contractor and Builder.
All job work promptly attended to.
420 South Church St. Jacksonville, Ill.

Isaac C. Coleman. J. K. C. Pierson.
COLEMAN & PIERSON
Architects.
No. 223½ West State Street, Jacksonville, Ill., next east of postoffice.

CLARENCE W. BUCKINGHAM
Architect.
Tel., Bell, Main 1276.
Room 1, Opera House Block.

BEASTALL BROTHERS
Plumbing and Gas Fitting.
216 NORTH MAIN STREET.
Steam and hot water heating at reasonable prices.
Job work promptly attended to and estimates cheerfully furnished.

GEO. E. MATHEWS & CO
235 EAST STATE STREET.
Steam and Hot Water Heating
Adn ventilating apparatus. Sanitary arrangements for plumbing a specialty. Specifications and estimates promptly made. Agents for the Haxton boilers.

F. E. FARRELL E. E. CRABTREE
F. G. FARRELL & CO.
BANKERS.
Centrally located and conservatively managed, we invite your patronage.

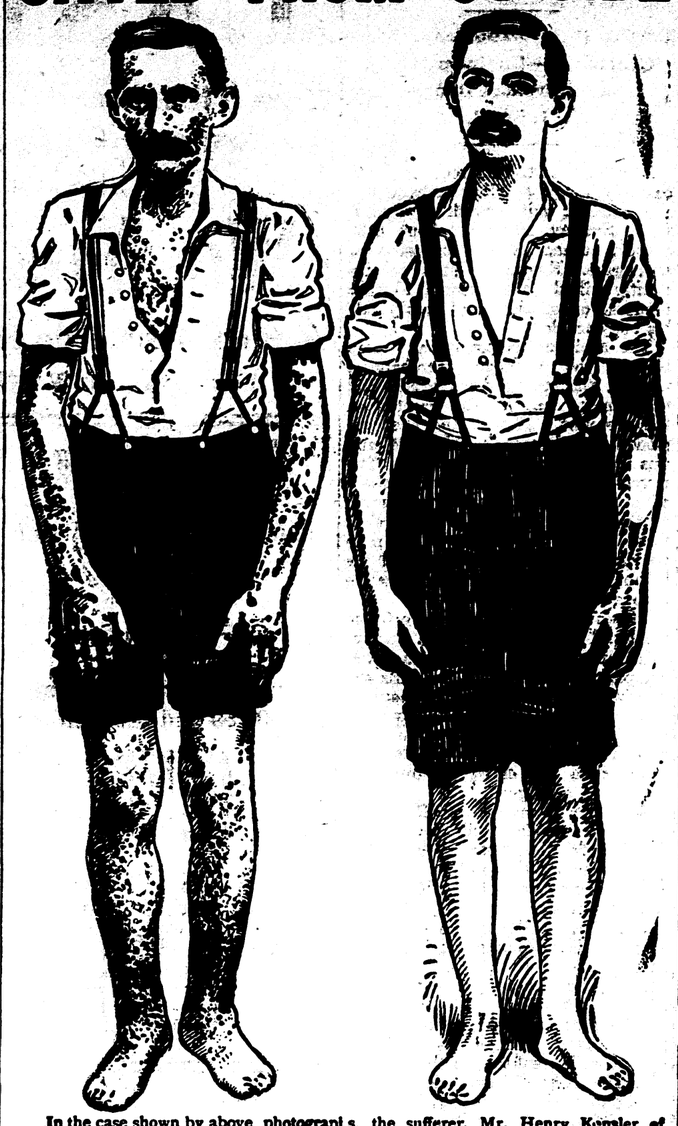
JACKSONVILLE National - Bank
Established in 1870.
Capital Stock paid in$200,000
Surplus 30,000
This bank has a complete line of safety deposit vaults to rent at very low rates.
Through its Savings Department it offers, under liberal terms, interest upon any savings deposits.
T. B. OREAR, President.
HENRY OAKES, Vice President.
JOHN R. ROBERTSON, Cashier.
C. E. DICKSON, Asst. Cashier.
DIRECTORS—John R. Robertson, T. B. Orear, Thomas Worthington, Julius E. Strawn, Henry Oakes, Frank Robertson, Henry Johnson, James Wood, Albert H. Rankin.

M. F. DUNLAP. WM. RUSSEL ANDREW RUSSEL.
DUNLAP, RUSSEL & CO.,
BANKERS
General Banking in all branches
The most careful and courteous attention given to the business of our customers and every facility extended for a safe and prompt transaction of their banking business.

Ayers National Bank
Capital Fully Paid $200,000
Shareholders Liability 200,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits - - - - - 24,400
OFFICERS.
JOHN A. AYERS, President.
E. S. GREENLEAF, Vice President.
C. G. RUTLEDGE, Cashier.
W. W. EWING, Asst. Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
John A. Ayers.
E. S. Greenleaf. William Brown
Walter Ayers. F. M. Baker.
C. G. Rutledge. John R. Davis.
Edward P. Kirby. Albert Crum.
Receive accounts of banks, bankers, corporations, firms and individuals on favorable terms.

HOCKENHUL-ELLIOTT BANK AND TRUST COMPANY.
CAPITAL, - - $100,000
Frank Elliott.....President
Robt. M. Hockenhull.....Vice-Pres
J. Wm. Elliott.....Cashier
DIRECTORS:
Frank Elliott, Robt. M. Hockenhull
J. Wm. Elliott, H. H. Osborn
Wm. R. Dunn, Fred Sparks
John A. Ayers.
High grade Municipal and Corporation bonds for sale.
This bank has an ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF BANK BUILDING in which are its carefully built, superior vaults.
Depositors and customers are offered every facility for business, both as regards safety and convenience.
This bank is authorized by law to accept and execute Trusts.

SAVED FROM SUICIDE



In the case shown by above photographs, the sufferer, Mr. Henry Kensler of Pittsfield, Ill., was in a desperate state from eczema which had continued for over ten years, becoming steadily worse and worse each year in spite of all doctoring possible. Life seemed hopeless and suicide was often thought of.

Seeing an account in a newspaper a short time ago of a remarkable case of eczema cured by D. D. D., Mr. Kensler tried it. He wrote in to the D. D. D. Company offering to be photographed and to permit publication of his photo if they would guarantee the remedy to cure him as completely as in the case he had read of. From the first use of it he states that all itching and distress disappeared. And in three week's time the skin healed over in every spot where affected. In a short time (it was a matter of only a very few days) the proper, white, natural, smooth state of skin was restored, and there has never since been any recurring sign of the disease anywhere on his body

Started In Few Small Spots.

The persistent spreading and tenacity of this disease are seen in this case. First one and then another small spot showed. Nothing could drive them away. Slowly the limbs became covered and the neck and back. He fought hard to save the face, but that next was covered and told the story of his misery to the world. Then the hair became encrusted with it. Small beginnings were showing almost everywhere else on the body, hardly a square inch being free from it. In a few years more the man would undoubtedly been one wretched, writhing scab had D. D. D. not conquered the disease. With his tortures already experienced and with this future staring him in the face, what wonder is it that suicide seemed inviting.

A wonderful particular of this case (as seen in all cases more or less) is that the worst big sores were the first to give way to the treatment, while the disease lurking under the skin held on longest. Twenty-one days, however, cleared out the whole affection—every germ of it.

We Vouch For Above.

The facts in this case of Mr. Henry Kensler of Pittsfield, Ill., have been laid before me in all details with proofs that are unmistakable. Every particular in the history of this remarkable cure more than bears out the above statement of the case. From the proofs submitted, We feel that this announcement comes far from doing full justice to the remarkable merit of a medicine which accomplishes results so important to humanity.

Since we have handled the preparation in this city, a great number of people have used it for various skin affections. Its results have been invariably satisfactory. We are therefore willing to guarantee any purchaser full return of his $1.00, if satisfactory results are not experienced from a trial of a bottle in any case of skin affection.

FOR SALE BY LEE P. ALLCOTT.
62 East Side Square, Jacksonville.

Mississippi Valley Trust Company
N. W. Cor. Fourth and Pine Sts., St. Louis
Incorporated 1899
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $7,500,000.
OFFICERS
Julius S. Walsh, President. W. Daviess Pittman, Bond Officer.
Breckinridge Jones, 1st V. P. and Counsel. Frederick Vierling, Trust Officer.
Samuel E. Hoffman, 2d V. P. Henry Semple Ames, Ass't Trust Officer.
James E. Brock, Secretary. William G. Lackey, Ass't Trust Officer.
Hugh R. Lyle, Ass't Sec'y. Eugene H. Benoist, Real Estate Officer.
Henry C. Ibbotson, 2d Ass't Sec'y. Wilbur B. Price, Safe Deposit Officer.
Pays Interest on Time, Savings and Checking Accounts.
It will be found both convenient and profitable to carry an account with us.
All Business Confidential. Correspondence Invited.

ARE YOU SURE? USE
Paracamph
Relieves Instantly or Money Refunded.
Muscular Rheumatism
Sore Muscles, Sore Joints and Neuralgia
The only External Remedy which will Sweat Out the Fever and Inflammation.
Sold only in 25c., 50c. & $1.00 Bottles.
FOR SALE BY LEE P. ALLCOTT

A NATURAL RESULT.

It is very reasonable to suppose if the foundation of a structure was removed that the building itself is bound to come down. This same principle can be applied to disease. Take remove the cause of sickness, and the illness leaves of itself. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, sickheadache and biliousness have their foundation in stomach disorders. Remove this weakness and the other symptoms are no more. There is one cure for this that all druggists sell for 25c per box, it is called Dr. Gunn's Improved Liver Pills. They get right at the beginning of these disease and make the cure by taking away the cause of it. We will send a small box free by mail, or a large box on receipt of 25c. Address Dr. Gunn, Philadelphia, Pa.

USED FOR PNEUMONIA.

Dr. C. J. Bishop, of Agnew, Mich. says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia with good results in every case." Refuse substitutes. J. A. Obermeyer, City drug store.

Daily Journal 10 cents a week.

As to Watermelons.

The northern bred man puts salt on his watermelon, thereby exciting the risibles of the southerner. He puts sugar on his cantaloupe, causing more laughter. He eats butter on his radishes, which is enough to make a calf weep. He eats grits with sugar and cream, which would knock a countryman silly. The watermelon is the most beautiful fruit in nature's garden. It should not be touched with a knife or fork. Lettuce is not nearly so sensitive to the metallic contact. Hold it three feet from a sheet spread on the floor and let it drop. If in perfect condition for eating it will break into edible portions. Bite off the mouthfuls or place them in the buccal cavity with the fingers. Save the rind; it makes the finest preserves and pickles of all earthly products. The seeds boiled make a diuretic that is unapproachable. As a drink the liquid is far superior to gelatinized flaxseed tea.—New York Press.

An Odd Labor Exchange.

There is in Melbourne, Australia, an odd labor exchange, which is described in the Scientific Australian. It is intended primarily for the unemployed and includes as members accountants, architects, bakers, dentists, engineers, printers, authors, artists, journalists, geologists and piano tuners.

Any member in need goes right along at work at his trade. If he is a shoemaker, for instance, he takes a pair of boots to the exchange and receives a certificate equivalent to their estimated value. This he can offer at any time in return for its value in such other goods as may be deposited at the exchange by other members, and thus actual cash is rendered largely unnecessary, though how the accountants and piano tuners can serve the others on the barter principle is not so plain.

Standard Oil Secret Service.

They tell in New York of a man named King who resides in Europe, visits all the capitals, knows all the bigwigs, is at home on all the bourses and generally keeps track of whatever is going on in the money markets. He cables daily to the Standard Oil company and some of the allied life insurance companies. His cables are kept secret. They are full of meat. The transactions of the Rockefellers and a few others are based upon his say so. He receives a salary of $25,000 a year.

FEET SWOLLEN TO IMMENSE SIZE.

"I had kidney trouble so bad that I could not work," says J. J. Cox, of Valley View, Ky. "My feet were swollen to immense size and I was confined to my bed and physicians were unable to give me any relief. My doctor finally prescribed Foley's Kidney Cure, which made a well man of me." A. J. Obermeyer, City drug store.

OMNIBUS.

CALL ON Joe Ludwig for best of repairs of all kinds.

WANTED—Dining room girl. Apply at Jefferson house, near Junction.

ORDER Dairymple's carriage at Vickrey & Merrigan's. Tel. 227; res. 1123; Ill. 423.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 311 E. College ave.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Remington typewriter; a bargain. ORA BAXTER.

FOR SALE—A Hereford bull. J. M. Green, rural 5.

SURREY FOR SALE—The one we are using at our office. Very cheap if taken at once. The Johnston Agency.

THE party that took the pocketbook from from Frank's store Saturday night will please return to the Journal office.

LOST—White bull pup. Reward for information. J. R. Robertson, 1203 W. State street.

FOR SALE—Cook stove, almost new at 359 West College ave.

FOR RENT—Desirable residence, 213 North Church St.; modern conveniences. Apply to John K. Long, Ill. tel. 400.

WANTED—Boarders at 522 West State St.

FOR RENT—House opposite the Academy. Apply 220 South Church St.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 331 East College ave.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 314 West College Ave.

JERSEYS FOR SALE—$10 down and $10 a month will buy cow, giving 4 gallons daily. The Johnston Agency.

TO THE FARMERS—Stephenson Commission Co. wants 100 cars No. 1 timothy hay and a quantity of lower grades.

FOR RENT—House of 5 rooms, modern improvements and barn. Tel. Bell 2556.

JERSEYS FOR SALE—$10 down and $10 a month will buy cow giving 4 gallons daily. The Johnston Agency.

MORTGAGE OR SALE—Several good investments at par. The Johnston Agency.

WANTED—One or two experienced waitresses; wages $15 per month with room and board. Write Will O. Clark, Clifton hotel, Ottawa, Ill., stating when and where have been employed.

FOR RENT—Modern house, 339 East College Ave. Apply on premises.

WANTED—Two colored girls for general house work. Apply at Union hotel, 262 East Court street.

FOR SALE—Fifteen acres very fine land near Jacksonville, at a bargain and on easy terms. The Johnston Agency.

FOR RENT—Desirable residence in good part of the city; modern improvements. Address X. Y., this office.

FOR RENT—A five-room house, large summer kitchen; good stable, new shed, coal house, good neighborhood, and in fact everything very convenient. Apply at 124 East Chambers street.

FOR SALE—Desirable house furniture; also Majestic range, six holes. Apply 218 South Church street.

Cruelty.

Mrs. Testy—I don't know how it is, Bridget, but it looks as though you took pleasure in breaking dishes that cannot be duplicated.

Bridget—It's not pleasure, mum, but common sense. If a dish can't be duplicated, as you call it, of course you can't expect me to replace it when I have broken it.—Boston Transcript.

Cool.

"The trouble with father," said the gilded youth, "is that he has no idea of the value of money."

"You don't mean to imply that he is a spendthrift."

"Not at all. But he puts his money away and doesn't appear to have any appreciation of all the things he might buy with it."—Washington Star.

Homemade Bread.

Husband—And so you made this bread yourself? It is remarkable.

Young Wife—It's real good, isn't it? But it was such a trouble. I had to watch it constantly to keep it from burning.

"Was that the only trouble?"

"Of course. I got the dough from the baker's."—N. Y. Weekly.

Why He Thought So.

"Ah," remarked the serious individual, "a wise man never builds his house upon sand."

"Well," retorted the proprietor of a seaside hotel, "a wise man may not, but I know a lot of fellows who have made a worldly success doing that very thing."—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

Flavorsome.

Visitor—And what are you doing, Maggie? Helping mamma make a cake?

Maggie—Yes, Mrs. Davis.

Visitor—And do you like making cakes, Maggie?

Maggie—Oh, yes! ever so much. It gets the nails so nice and clean.—Ally Sloper.

The Same Feeling.

Her Grandmother (reminiscently)—Yes, Dorothy; I remember how happy I was when some one told me your grandfather's name was one of the best in Burke's peerage.

Dorothy—Oh, I suppose you felt just as I did when I found Charlie's name in Bradstreet's.—Judge.

Of One Kind.

"You didn't have any luck?" she said, inquiringly, when he returned from his fishing trip.

"None at all," he admitted.

Then she got a whiff of his breath.

"No wonder," she commented. "You must have taken all the bait yourself."—Chicago Post.

A Trifle Mixed.

"Can't you tell me about the naval battles of the war of 1812?" asked the teacher.

"Yes, ma'am," said the pupil, a little doubtful. "The naval battles were successful on the sea, but they were not so successful on land."—N. Y. Times.

A Sure Thing.

Glinkers—This life insurance idea is good enough if a man dies young, but suppose I should live 30 or 40 years longer—I'd be terribly out of pocket.

Agent—No danger of that, sir. You'll soon kill yourself working to pay the premiums."—N. Y. Sun.

A Deserved Fortune.

"How did Bergen Hill make all the money he has?"

"He invented an awfully good thing that sold like hot cakes—a storm-window arrangement that could be made into a mosquito screen without taking it down."—Judge.

Can't Lose 'Em.

Oh, why should we daily encounter,
As we wander to and fro,
The man who recalls such weather
Some fifty-odd years ago.
—Cincinnati Enquirer.

FELT A LITTLE ANXIOUS.



"Pa!"

"Now what do you want?"

"Will my hair fall off when it's ripe like yours?"—Ally Sloper.

Family Symptoms.

Mr. Jones—That young Snodgrass acts as if he was one of the family.

His Only Daughter—How, so papa?

Mr. Jones—Why, he acts scared when your mother's around!—Puck.

It All Depends.

Teacher—Can you tell me at what age a man usually begins to get bald?

Bright Pupil—What kind of a man—married or single?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Significant Force.

"You can imagine what lovely letter-carrying weather it is when I tell you I've got about 200 [illegible]."—Chicago Record.

EASY MATHEMATICS.

Little Problems Growing Out of the Every Day Happenings of Life.

An ice wagon serves 55 customers in the course of a day. Each family should receive 15 pounds of ice, but owing to the nearsightedness of the driver the average weight is only ten, says the Detroit Free Press. How much does the wagon gain in one day, and why is it that the nearsighted collector never takes a three-cent piece for a dime?

If one man with a lawn mower can arouse 35 people from sleep at six o'clock in the morning, how many could seven men with lawn mowers arouse if they tried their level best?

It takes a district messenger boy 35 minutes to travel 170 yards while on business for the company, but only four when on his way home. What is his speed per hour in each case? What is the per cent. compared to chain lightning?

A has the sum of 312 in his pocket, when B gives him a pointer on the races by which he can win 13 times his capital. What did the sum total amount to, and why was it that A had to borrow a nickel to get home on?

By adding two quarts and one gill of water to his stock a milkman brings the total amount up to seven quarts and two gills and swears by the bones of his ancestors that it is pure quill. How much milk did he have in the first place?

A and B buy a lottery ticket costing five dollars, in partnership. A contributes $2.90 and B contributes $2.10. In case the ticket draws $50,000 what share will each one take? Needn't be in any hurry to work this out.

A farmer has five miles to drive. He figures that while he is driving one mile his hired man ought to hoe three rows of corn across a seven acre lot. He gets home to find that only seven rows have been hoed in all. What was the average per mile, and how long was the hired man roosting on the fence?

HE TALKED TOO MUCH.

Loquacious Peddler Comes to Grief at the Hands of a "Stuck-up" Man.

Persistently the broom peddler was offering his wares to everyone he met and was trudging up the avenue, when he saw a large man standing on the curb. The latter had a pugilistic chin and was deeply engrossed in an open newspaper, relates the New York Herald.

"Do you want a broom, sir?" questioned the peddler, flourishing the broom to demonstrate its durable qualities.

"Nope!" snapped the large man, without looking up.

"Oh, I see! You are a bachelor. Well, you are lucky. Do you see that little house over there with brown steps?"

The large man glanced up for the first time.

"Yes; what of it?"

"Well, I have an order for a broom over there."

"You have, eh?"

"Yes, and the lady wants a strong one. She said she wanted one to suit her husband, and from the way she said it I guess she intends to hammer him across the shoulders. Well, the chances are he is some little dried-up man and hasn't the courage or strength to defend himself against henpecking. It serves him right."

"Aren't you a little hard on the poor man?"

"Not at all, sir. But you don't happen to know the little henpecked runt, do you?"

"Perhaps."

"Perhaps? S-say you—"

"Yes, I'm the little henpecked runt you refer to. I'm the dried-up man that hasn't the courage or strength to defend himself. Take that, and when you get up if you don't get out of the neighborhood I'll cut you up, do you hear?"

But the broom peddler couldn't hear. His ears were scooping in the mud from the cobblestones.

SECURITY IN OCEAN TRAVEL.

The Death Rate of Sailors Has Decreased One-Half in the Last Decade.

Within ten years, thanks to better ships and better navigation, the death rate of sailors has decreased one-half, and is now only 15 per 1,000, or 40 or 50 per cent. below the rate for all inhabitants of such cities as Boston, New York or Chicago, says the National Magazine, though, of course, such a comparison must not be pursued to its last analysis of why or wherefore, but taken for what it is worth as a sufficiently surprising statement of an actual fact. Out of 10,000 accidents reported to the Travelers' Insurance company, 3,413 occurred to pedestrians and 1,880 to persons who were comfortably at home indoors. No fewer than [illegible] accidents were due to riding or driving, 589 to various sports, 400 to bicycling, and 477 to railway travel, while only 10 of these 10,000 accidents occurred upon the ocean. Making all due allowance for the obvious fact that there are always many more persons walking, or indoors, or engaged in pastimes, or railway journeying, than there are at sea, these figures are still significant.

One great steamship company, with 40 vessels, lost only one human life a year, and it was recorded of the celebrated Inman line some years ago that it had conveyed 10 times its own a million passengers. In the year 1890 the trans-Atlantic lines made nearly 2,000 voyages from New York to the various ports of the United Kingdom and the continent, carrying 600,000 souls and steamed nearly [illegible] miles of ocean, and [illegible] this entire year there was not [illegible] dent costing the life of a single one of these more than half a million [illegible]

I. RAWLINGS CLOTHING CO.

HATS. HATS.

We are showing the latest styles in Men's and Young Men's Soft and Stiff Hats for fall. Prices

$1.00 to $4.00

Our Leader

The "Longley" at $3.00. Union made.

F. A. MOSELEY, V. P: M. H: HAVENHILL, Sec'y-Treas.

INDICATIONS.

Washington, Sept. 7.—For Illinois: Cloudy Monday, rain in north and central portions and at night in south portion, warmer in north portion; Tuesday cooler with fair in west and rain in east portion.

City and County

Clyde Vickery spent Sunday with friends in St. Louis.

Mrs. Scott Carter and children are visiting with relatives in Waverly.

Miss Lillian Stewart spent Sunday in St. Louis, where she visited with friends.

O. B. Heinl, of Pekin, and A. M. Heinl, of Joliet, are in the city visiting relatives.

Dr. Fred Gilett is in the city visiting at the home of his mother on West College avenue.

Glen Peak has gone to St. Louis, where he has secured a position with the Union Traction company in that city.

Misses Kathryn and Elizabeth Robertson are in Chicago attending the tournament of the Western Golf association.

Miss Harriet Smith, of Springfield, is the guest of Misses Claribel and Bertha Anderson on West College avenue.

Earl Daniels left Saturady for Chicago, where he will take a position with a wholesale clothing house in that city.

Home visitors' excursions to points in Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky via THE ALTON Sept. 8 and 15 and Oct. 6. Get particulars. Exceptionally low rates.

Ralph Dodsworth was called to this city from Hot Springs, Ark., because of the serious illness of his grandmother, Mrs. E. M. Dodsworth.

Ralph Crawley returned Saturday from a visit in Little Rock, Ark. While there he visited Marmaduke Fox, formerly in school here, who is now a conductor on the Iron Mountain railroad between Little Rock and Texarkana.

Frankfort, Mich., and return, $8.85. Charlevoix, Petoskey, Bay View, Wequetonsing, Harbor Springs and Roaming Brook, Mich., and return, $10.85, and Mackinac island and return $11.85 via THE ALTON and Northern Michigan Transportation Co. (Meals and berth exrta). Daily until Sept. 11; final limit Sept. 13, except from Charlevoix, Sept. 11. Go via THE ALTON.

11c
a bushel

Until further notice we will sell

"IDEAL" COAL

for cash at 11 cents a bushel.

"Ideal" is the best and cleanest coal that comes to Jacksonville.

R. A. Gates & Son

LOCAL HISTORY

Outline of Winter Study for Daughters of the Revolution.

The members of Rev. James Caldwell chapter, D. A. R., will resume regular meetings after the summer's rest Sept. 22, and the program is already determined to extend through January. The work intended for that time will appear from the following:

Sept. 22—At the home of Mrs. E. M. Cole. Roll call with D. A. R. reminiscences, led by Mrs. S. E. F. Barnes.

Oct. 27—At the home of Mrs. A. L. Adams. Reading from the American Monthly, Miss Clark; Early Schools of Morgan County, Mrs. Gates Strawn.

Nov. 24—At the home of Mrs. Carl E. Black. Reading from the American Monthly, Mrs. Anna Ross Dewey; Distinguished Guests of Early Jacksonville, Mrs. Henry Stryker.

Dec. 2—At the home of Mrs. S. D. Osborne. Business meeting.

Dec. 15—At the home of Mrs. Miller Weir. Reading from the American Monthly, Mrs. Frank Doan; Pioneer Social Life in Morgan County, Mrs. Frank J. Waddell.

Jan. 25—At the home of Mrs. Frank Elliott. Reading from the American Monthly, Mrs. H. S. Lovejoy; Storied Houses of Jacksonville, Miss Grace Ward.

The present officers of this patriotic organization are: Regent, Mrs. S. D. Osborne; first vice regent, Mrs. H. S. Lovejoy; second vice regent, Mrs. Harry M. Capps; recording secretary, Miss Annie Hinrichsen; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Martin Vogel; Registrar, Mrs. Miller Weir; treasurer, Mrs. B. W. Smith; historian, Miss Louise Barr; chaplain, Mrs. Mary D. Nolte. Board of managers: Mrs. Gates Strawn, Mrs. Henry Stryker, Mrs. S. O. Barr, Mrs. J. C. Gordon, Mrs. Charles E. Dickson.

Mrs. Albyn L. Adams, Mrs. S. E. F. Barnes, Miss M. Louise Barr, Mrs. Carl E. Black, Mrs. Helen E. Brakefield, Mrs. George W. Brown, Mrs. Harry M. Capps, Mrs. James W. Crabtree, Mrs. Frank P. Cupp, Miss Stella M. Cole, Mrs. Charles E. Dickson, Mrs. Frank Doan, Miss Dummer, Mrs. Frank Elliott, Mrs. Matilda B. Estes, Mrs. Hubert C. Ferris, Mrs. Joseph C. Gordon, Miss Carolyn S. Greene, Mrs. George Hamilton, Mrs. Jane B. Joy, Miss Eliza Kent, Miss Marian D. Kirby, Miss Mabel Mattoon King, Mrs. Richard W. Mills, Miss Anna Morse, Mrs. Mary D. Nolte, Mrs. Samuel D. Osborne, Miss Maybelle Parrott, Miss Ellen C. Russel, Mrs. William D. Sanders, Mrs. Brayton W. Smith, Mrs. Elizur Southworth, Mrs. Henry Stryker, Mrs. Martin Vogel, Mrs. Harry E. Wadsworth, Mrs. Miller Weir, Mrs. Emily D. Wood, Miss Kate Wilson, Mrs. William A. Atwater, Mrs. Samuel O. Barr, Mrs. John A. Bellatti, Mrs. John E. Bradley, Mrs. Charles M. Brown, Miss Henrietta Clark, Mrs. E. E. Crabtree, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Cole, Mrs. Anna Ross Dewey, Mrs. Hiram P. Dillon, Mrs. Howard L. Doan, Miss May Dummer, Miss Effie L. Epler, Miss Sarah M. Fairbank, Miss Martha L. Greenleaf, Miss Susan H. Hall, Miss Annie Hinrichsen, Mrs. James T. King, Mrs. H. Stillman Lovejoy, Mrs. William K. McLaughlin, Miss Helen E. Mosby, Miss Emily D. Odiorne, Mrs. Daniel W. Rawlings, Mrs. Charles G. Rutledge, Mrs. Minerva D. Scott, Miss Mary E. Smith, Mrs. Gates Strawn, Miss Ella J. Trabue, Mrs. Frank J. Waddell, Miss Grace B. Ward, Mrs. William T. Wilson, Miss Jennie Wright, Mrs. Richard Yates.

STREET CAR DERAILED.

A motor car with two trailers behind and two ahead, was pushing around from the north at the curve at the street car barns on East State street Sunday evening, about 5:30 o'clock, when a motor car coming out of the barn reached the main track just as the trailer appeared around the corner of the building, resulting in a slight collision. The trailer was derailed and the motor car slighty damaged where the car struck it.

LABOR DAY IS HERE

First Celebrated in New England in 1887—Local Unions go to Decatur.

Labor day was first observed as a holiday in Maine and some of the other eastern states in 1887. The plan was so successful that labor organizations in other states adopted it, and a few years later it was made a national holiday. The idea has been fostered ever since and each succeeding Labor day celebration has had a deeper significance until now throughout the length and breadth of this great commonwealth the day is fittingly observed. The celebration today promises to be the greatest event of the kind in the history of organized labor and in every large center preparations for an appropriate program have been made. The local labor organizations join forces with their brothers in Decatur and it is expected fully a thousand will go from this city on the excursion train, which leaves early this morning.

The positions of the Jacksonville unions in the parade at Decatur will be as follows:

Cigarmakers.
Tinners.
Bricklayers.
Laundry Workers.
Hod Carriers.
Team Owners.
Team Drivers.
Carpenters.
Tailors.
Bakers.
Barbers.
Garment Workers.
Machinists.
Horse Shoers.
Painters.
Bartenders.
Printers.
Plumbers.
Brick Makers
Engineers.
Electrical Workers.

Everything in school books and school supplies. Ledferd's.

CURED HEMORRHAGES OF THE LUNGS.

"Several years since my lungs were so badly affected that I had many hemorhages," writes A. M. Ake, of Wood, Ind. "I took treatment with several physicians without any benefit. I then started to take Foley's Honey and Tar and my lungs are now as sound as a bullet. I recomend it in advanced stages of lung trouble." J. A. Obermeyer, City drug store.

WRECK ON C. & A.

Engine 341 Explodes Near Greenview—Engineer Killed and Fireman Badly Injured.

A most disastrous wreck occurred on the Chicago & Alton railroad one and one-half miles south of Greenview, Sunday morning about 8:30 o'clock, caused by the explosion of an engine. Engineer Upton was instantly killed and Fireman Keltner rendered unconscious and nearly half his body scalded.

The accident happened as train No. 83, the Chicago merchandise freight, was going down grade and the damage was all the greater on this account. The engine that exploded was known as No. 341 and was of the battleship class. The monster itself was utterly demolished and the trucks landed crosswise on the track. The boiler and firebox were found one-fourth of a mile apart in different directions and the bell of the engine was found a half a mile away.

Pieces of the wreckage were found scattered for a radius of a quarter of a mile and 200 feet of track was completely torn up with the rails and ties intermixed in a tangled mass.

The accident happened nearly opposite the residence of Homer J. Tice and here Fireman Keltner was at once taken and cared for until the arrival of a surgeon.

Word was at once sent to Bloomington for a wrecker and Trainmaster Bemis left Roodhouse on a special, picking up all the section men and supplies necessary between Roodhouse and Greenview.

Dr. Carl E. Black, the company's surgeon, boarded the special, which arrived here at 10:30, and which reached the scene of the wreck about 11:30 o'cock.

In the meantime, the crew of the freight train and others had been served with breakfast at the home of Mr. Tice, who did everything in his power to render aid and assistance.

The south bound train due here at 10:10, was blockaded and the passengers transferred to the special. The latter, on the return, reaching here about 2:45 in the afternoon. The injured fireman, still in an unconscious condition, was brought to Passavant hospital and his condition is regarded as very grave.

The head brakeman of the train met with a lucky escape, having gone back to the caboose just before the explosion occurred. Had he been in his usual place on top of the third or fourth car he would have met an awful fate, as these cars were carried against the wrecked engine by the momentum of the train and were a tangled mass. In all, eight cars of the train were more or less damaged.

A large force of men went to work on the wreck upon the arrival of the wreck train from Bloomington and about 6 o'clock Sunday evening the track was in passable condition.

The cause of the exposion will probably never be definitely known, but it was doubtless due to some fault in the working of the injector.

Engineer Upton was a married man and has a family residing in Bloomington. Fireman Keltner is a single man and his home is in the same place.

The telegraph wires were down on account of the wreck and service at the local C. & A. ticket office was interrupted for some time.

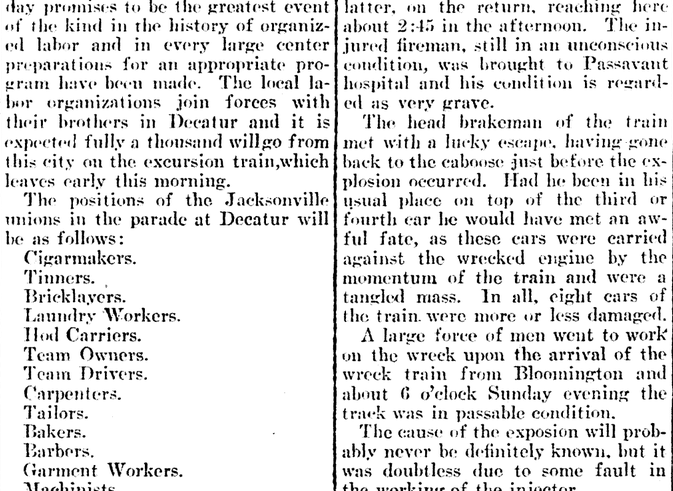
BASE BALL

Labor Day at West Side Park. Game called at 3 p. m.

Only $16.45 to numerous Texas points and return via THE ALTON Sept. 15; final limit Oct. 7, 1903. DON'T MISS IT.

All the new things at Ledferd's book store.

Dail Journal, 10c per week.



FROM THE COUNTRY CLUB VERANDA.

Although there is no Sunday golf playing on the links of the Jacksonville Country club and no house amusements are indulged in, these facts do not interfere with the popularity of the club Sunday afternoons. The visitors to the club are many and they spend the time in tramping or driving about the greens, or in lounging on the broad veranda of the house. Although it is late in the season, the grounds never appeared to better advantage than now and there certainly is not a prettier sight in this locality than the Country club and adjacent territory afford. The eye can reach to the south and west for many miles and rests upon as fine farming lands as there is in this great state.

LAST CHANCE!

A good thing cannot last forever. In one week our great Mid-Summer Clearance sale will be at an end. We are still overstocked in certain lines and

We Must Have the Room.

Your dollars will do double duty. Irresistable bargains will rid our store of every article of Mens' Spring and Summer attire.

Men's Clothing.

$6.50, $7 and $8 Suits at **4.75**

$8.50, $9 and $10 Suits at **6.75**

$10, $12 and $14 Suits at **8.75**

$15, $16 and $17 Suits at **12.75**

$20 and $22 Suits at **15.75**

Men's Furnishings

100 dozen lisle thread, extra stretchy suspenders, calf skin ends, 50c kind at **25c.**

Choice of any leather belt in the house' 50c 75c and $1 values included at **35c.**

Men's 65c and 75c Negligee shirts, all sizes, **48c.**

Men's 50c quality Balbriggin Underwear, double seated drawers at **25c.**

Mens' 4-ply linen Collars, every style, 2 for **25c.**

Suits For Boys

Elegant line to select from in Boys' Double Breasted Suits, cassimeres, worsteds all wool Scotch tweeds, at **4.00**

Special: For the opening of our children's department, Boys' Double Breasted School Suits, in cheviots, Scotch tweeds cassimers for **3.00**

We also have a good line of Boys' School suits in grey and brown Scotch mixtures with good linings perfect in fit; opening price on Friday, Sept. 5, **1.50 to 2.50**

SEEBERGER & BRO.



Fresh Polishes of all Kinds.

A great many well dressed people overlook the condition of their shoes when only a touch of polish would add materially to their appearance. Use our polishes and your footwear will wear longer and always look right.

A Good Shoe

can always be obtained by using our polishes. We carry nothing but the best prepared stuffs. If you want the best shine procurable, insist on getting Whittemore's polishes. They have no peer, put up for all leather and in all sizes at the same price as cheaper preparations.

All Men's Low Cuts = . only $3.00

Hopper & Son, Wideawake Shoe Men, S. Side Sqr.

For Making Pickles

Use our Pure Cider Vinegar and Spices.

Bell 'Phone 2102
Ill. 'Phone 102
ZELL'S GROCERY
East State Street.

STERLING SILVER JEWELRY.

Hat and Stick Pins
the latest in heads and other patterns
35c and 50c

Sash Pins,
newest designs,
$1.50

Chatelaine Pins,
50c to $1.50

Brooches.
with and without heads, but all of the newest styles.
Cc to $2.00

Bassett & Fairbank
JEWELERS.

SELIGMAN BROS.
GRAVEL SPRINGS WATER
The Purest
And Most Popular.

This water is so pure it will not change color like other spring water, nor has it a foreign taste by standing long in a jar.

We also handle a full line of Coffees and Teas at reasonable prices.

We also sell sugar in a retail way at wholesale prices.



Old Smoker
Little Monarch
Gold Leaf
Vaneta. 10c
JACKSOVILLE CIGAR CO.

S. R. Armstrong

—DEALER IN—

Wall Paper, Pictures, Artist's Materials, Picture Frames at half price. Mixed Paints and Varnishes.

PAINTING

In all its branches. Especial attention paid to Fres co and Tapestry painting.

Prices lower than the lowest.

331 WEST STATE STREET.
Bell 'phone 146 Ill. 'phone 146.